

Stores Commence Wednesday Half Holidays Next Wednesday, May 4th

Oil Tanks Destroyed in Spectacular Blaze

About ten p.m. Friday night fire was discovered in the warehouse of the British American Oil Co., and within a very few minutes the whole warehouse was doomed. Several explosions could be heard for some distance when barrels of high test gasoline exploded adding fury to the flames. About ten thirty the top was blown from the large storage tank when flames shot high in the air. During the time the fire was burning the hottest a driving rain storm helped wet adjoining property and was of great assistance to the local fire fighters who saved the Imperial Oil Co.'s premises only a short distance away. Three box cars standing on the siding near the warehouse were soon ignited, one containing lumber

consigned to the Imperial Lumber Co., one had some freight from Edmonton and the other was empty, as a steel tank car that was being unloaded when the fire started was ignited. An engine was sent from Wainwright to pull the burning cars away but before they could be moved the freight cars were practically consumed. Fire continued to shoot from the large coal oil tank till nearly evening on Saturday. Wednesday several adjusters were here making their reports on the loss. We understand that the Oil Company will rebuild at an early date, in the meantime arrangements will likely be made to have a stock on hand till the warehouse can be rebuilt.

CUSHING'S WEATHER FORECAST FOR THE YEAR 1932

May — May will arrive with clear fine weather and grow rapidly warmer with the warmest period the first ten days of the month. The last week of April and the second week of May will furnish the only windy weather of the Spring. These will not be at all like the winds of 1931 and will be comparatively little damage. Good rains will fall not later than the 19th of the month, and the last two weeks will bring considerable moisture. Rain again on the 26th and continue a rainy period up to about the 6th of June. Farmers should plan to have their seeding all completed by the middle of May since rains will interfere with farm work after that period.

JUNE — June comes in with good rains lasting throughout the first week with warm fine weather around the 10th to 12th. Cooler with rains and probably the last frost on the 18th. Last ten days fine and warm, very warm in fact. The month will see a making rapid progress due to the ample moisture received during May and June.

JULY — Clear and warm with some rains around the 10th. Very warm again about the 17th which will be the warmest period of the summer. Clear and cold at end of the month with a very grave danger of frost during the last few days. There will not be a very great amount of rainfall during July but the crops will get along very well since it will not be an extremely hot month.

AUGUST — With the beginning of August the farmer's real troubles begin, since his grain is ready to cut, but the weather won't let him cut it. Four weeks of wet weather are indicated. It will rain most of the time during the first 25 days of August. There will be storm after storm with heavy rain fall and hail. There will be severe crop damage through sprouting, bleaching and rotting. August is the most stormy month of the whole year. It will make a record as being particularly unfavorable for harvesting operations. The month will end with clear warm weather.

SEPTEMBER — The good weather of the last August lasts into September for about 25 days with the warmest period around the middle of the month. Rain comes again on the 29th. The coldest periods will be on the 7th, and 22nd, with frost probably on the 7th.

OCTOBER — While September will be none too good as a harvest month, October offers fine weather to complete all harvest operations. There are no storms at all indicated for October—the warmest periods being the 6th and 22nd—cooler around the 14th and 29th. A very nice fall month.

NOVEMBER — November arrives with warm and clear weather, cold stormy weather following the balance of the month. Winter will arrive with full force by the 13th and continue the balance of the month. A cold, stormy month.

DECEMBER — December is not as stormy as November — warm and pleasant around the 5th followed by somewhat colder weather on the 12th, but nice weather follows bringing warm days around the 20th. Last few days cold and stormy, starting about the 27th.

FORMER IRMA MAN HAS WHEAT UP

Quickly on the heels of the stories of damage wrought by the storm of the past few days comes the cheering news that green blades of wheat, responding to the unexpected moisture have already appeared on the farm of A. G. Walker at Penhold, and were the objects of much attention Friday evening. Mr. Walker brought the news to the Herald office himself, Saturday morning, and was jubilant over the result of his foresight in summer-fallowing 200 acres and seeding so early, when other farmers considered it such a risky undertaking. He reported that the ground was covered on the level with a foot of snow, but clearing a small space, he had been delighted to notice the young wheat shoots breaking through the earth—Calgary Herald.

IMPERIAL OIL CO. APPRECIATES EFFORTS TO SAVE WAREHOUSE

To P. E. Jones, Agent, Irma: We wish to express to you and your men, and the citizens of Irma, our thanks and appreciation for what you all did towards saving our plant, stock, and equipment at the recent fire. This was very good work on someone's part as it must have been very disastrous and fierce fire, in very close proximity to our own warehouse and tanks. The fact that the competitor's tanks and warehouse adjoining ours were completely destroyed, with tank cars that they were unloading, proves to us that some good work was done to prevent our own plant from being destroyed. Will you kindly express our thanks and appreciation to all who helped in any way to avoid a much heavier loss that might have occurred.—Signed, F. Turley.

THE VALLEY U. F. W. A.

The April meeting was held on the 14th at the home of Mrs. F. Pendleton. The meeting was opened with the reading of the Creed, and the roll call answered with jokes. Besides the usual attendance of members, there were two visitors present, one being Mrs. Zipperer, who gave the members some very interesting talks on various subjects which was much appreciated. Mrs. Zipperer's company is always enjoyed at our meetings whether it be on business or pleasure. One thing which was very much under discussion was the "Bethany Lodge Rug" which they decided to make by holding rug bees at different places, the first one to take place at Mrs. R. Heron's. It was also decided to send a delegate to the Junior Conference to be held in June, first choice being Margaret O'Neill, second choice, Jenny James. The "Watch" contest put on by Mrs. Pendleton was won by Mrs. Zipperer and the gift donated by Ruby James went to Mrs. Pendleton. The meeting adjourned and a social hour enjoyed during which a dainty lunch was served. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. W. Russell.

C. N. R. TIME TABLE

No. 1 leaves Irma 6:27 A.M. and arrives in Edmonton at 10:10 A.M.
No. 2 leaves Edmonton 5:15 P.M. and arrives at Irma at 8:36 P.M.
Takes advantage of the Low Week End rates, Saturday morning till Monday evening, \$4.75 return to Edmonton.
—J. R. Whyte, Agent.

CHURCH NOTICES AND ACTIVITIES

UNITED CHURCH NOTES

The services next Sunday will be at Albert and Alma Mater at the hours 11 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. respectively. The service in town will be at 8 p.m. The Ladies Aid are holding their annual Mother's Day Tea and Sale of Homecooked and candy and flowers in church building Saturday afternoon, May 7th.

ANGELIC CHURCH NEWS

There will be an Anglican Service in the United Church on Sunday, May 8th at 3 p.m.

The W. A. will meet at Mrs. H. Carter's on Tuesday afternoon, May 10th.

Mr. Arthur Denyer was the holder of the lucky ticket (No. 170) on the quilt which was drawn for on April 15th.

There were six contestants at the Old Time Fiddler's contest, and Mr. Haakon Larsen carried off the prize of an Auto rug.

W. M. S. MEETING

The regular meeting of the W. M. S. was held at the home of Mrs. Tripp on Thursday last.

The president, Mrs. Osterhout, conducted the meeting and in spite of the mud and rain a good number of members were present. Mrs. Geeson brought a splendid report from the Presbytery held at Wainwright for which Mrs. Locke and Mrs. Tripp extended her a hearty vote of thanks. The May meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Jack Fletcher.

LADIES AID MEETING

The April meeting of the Ladies Aid was held at the home of Mrs. Schenck, and in the absence of the president, Mrs. Geeson, conducted the meeting.

Owing to house cleaning and very busy times the attendance was small, but arrangements were made for the Ladies Aid Annual Mother's Day Tea. The May meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. H. W. Love.

An executive meeting of the Ladies Aid was called for Tuesday at the home of Mrs. Tripp. When final arrangements were made for the Mother's Day Tea, and committees were appointed for the sale. It was decided to hold the Annual Mother's Day tea in the church on Saturday, May 7th. Afternoon tea will be served, and there will be home cooking, home made candy and home made flowers for sale. The flowers will be of suitable style and color to wear for Mother on Mother's Day. When we remember the flowers from last year some said, "they looked most like real ones," you can be sure of a remembrance for Mother at small cost.

ANNUAL MOTHER'S DAY TEA

The Ladies Aid are holding their annual Mother's Day Tea in the church on May 7th.

Afternoon tea will be served from 3 p.m. on. There will be home cooking, home made candy and home made flowers for sale. The flowers will be of suitable style and color to wear for Mother on Mother's Day. When we remember the flowers from last year some said, "they looked most like real ones," you can be sure of a remembrance for Mother at small cost.

Avondale.

The Avondale U. F. W. A. and their husbands gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. M. New and gave them a surprise party. Cards and croquet were played until a late hour after which the ladies served a delicious lunch. After lunch Mrs. Taylor with a few well chosen words presented Mr. New with a pair of bed room slippers and a cigarette lighter. Mr. and Mrs. New also received several useful and beautiful presents from the members and their husbands. This party was intended to have been held at an earlier date and shortly after the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. New, however, several interruptions interrupted so it had to be postponed. Mr. New thanked the ladies for their kindness, but the Avondale ladies have received many past favors for which they are truly thankful to Mr. New.

Elks Boxing Program Pleases Large Crowd

(From The Viking News)

A boxing program that proved one of the best all around programs ever held here, was successfully staged on Wednesday, April 20th, in the Elks Hall. The arrangements had been carefully planned, and everything went off without a hitch.

While interest centered in the main go between Curly Kid, of Irma, and Tore Seaberg, of Viking, the preliminary events provided plenty of action. The four preliminary events were refereed by Chas. Sutter in a very capable manner and the fans got a run for their money in each event.

First to enter the roped arena were K. O. Sheets and Punch Powell. They showed good boxing skill in a four rounder that was declared a draw. The boys mixed it willingly all the way.

Ronnie McLaren out-boxed Dave Roland in a five round go, Ronnie having a weight advantage over the fighting farmer who showed gameness and handiness with the mitts. Ronnie used a left hook punch with telling effect and finished strong. It was a nice bout, ladies and gentlemen.

George Desmond of Kinsella, and Don Heller, of Rodino, mixed it in great style. Desmond showing excellent boxing form, while Heller had a straight left worrying the doughty Desmond. They were well matched and got a good hand from the fans for their work in the five round match that was declared a draw.

In the semi-final Ed Sanderlin of Stromgo got the decision over Dave Leith, of Viking. Dave didn't have much time to train for this event, nevertheless went in there and boxed Sanderlin who is coming along fast in the flat game. There were several high lights in the go and the fans got a great kick out of it.

The main bout brought together the one and only Curly Kid from Irma, and Tore Seaberg, the favorite

The Wastebasket

When a dog barks at the moon all night it is a sign of insomnia for the dog—and others.

Heard at the poker party: "My wife can cook, but she insists on playing the piano." "My wife can play the piano but she insists on cooking."

"Women don't interest me," remarked a boy student in the school library, "I prefer the company of my fellow men." "Yeah, I'm broke, too," replied one of the other boys.

"Did you have my brown suit cleaned and pressed while I was in the hospital?" asked a local man of his wife. "No, I had your black suit fixed up," she replied, "I thought that would be better in case anything happened."

Heard among the young fellows at the dance. "Do you believe that Jarrow girl is only twenty?" "Well, she has been saying it so long that I have come to believe it."

"Have you ever been offered work?" asked a lady when a tramp called at the back door for a handout. "Only once, madam," he replied, "Aside from that I've met with nothing but kindness."

A motorist at Red Deer crashed into a telephone pole there, bringing down the pole and wires. When they picked him out of the wreckage they found him fingering the wires and saying: "Thank heaven, I lived a clean life, — they've given me a harp."

"I thought you said you never borrow money from your friends," remarked a citizen here when tackled on the street by a young fellow for a loan. "I don't," he replied, "but I guess I can still go on trying."

"I wish I were a boy again and back at school," said a school board director while addressing a school in a neighboring town. "Do you know why I wish that?" As he paused in his speech a small boy piped out: "Cos you've forgotten all you knowed."

Curly, who packs a punch in both hands, was in fine condition when he stepped into the ring, and Tore Seaberg, also was trained to the minute. Both boxers were accorded loud and lusty applause from the crowd. The announcer introduced Mike Kaplan-sky, of Edmonton, as the referee for the main bout. Mr. Kaplan-sky was a licensed referee in Ontario for seven years before coming out west, and the management were fortunate in securing his services. His work throughout the bout was above reproach.

After nine rounds of the fastest and hardest boxing seen in the local ring, Curly Kid got a well earned decision over Seaberg in the ninth round when the local lad was counted out.

Thrills and action characterized every minute of the bout. Both boys boxed cleanly throughout, with Seaberg the aggressor and Curly showing good ring generalship against his aggressive opponent. Carrying the battle to Curly in almost every round, Seaberg spent his energy while the crafty Curly delivered telling blows. The first three rounds were even, any advantage being in Curly's favor, by a wide margin when he had Curly in difficulty, but this advantage was shortlived as Curly came back in the fifth to earn a draw, and from then on until the ninth, punished the fast weakening Tore with rights and lefts to the head and body.

For gameness in the ring and general all around ability Seaberg is hard to beat, while Curly on account of his well known hitting powers and eagerness for the fray, is a drawing card on any program. Both lads showed very little damage from their strenuous bout. All those taking part may well feel that the program was a success and that includes the

IRMA BRANCH CANADIAN LEGION WOMEN'S AUXILIARY

A meeting of the above Auxiliary was held on April 4th. The next meeting is called for May 2nd at 7:30 p.m. in Hedley's Hall.

NOTICE

Applications will be received at the office of the Municipal District of Battle River No. 423, Irma, Alta., not later than May 11th, 1932, for the position of Auditor for 1932. Salary \$100.00.

H. R. MILNER SUCCEEDS LATE C. J. YORATH

According to an official announcement from New York received in Edmonton H. R. Milner, K.C., well-known Edmonton lawyer, has been appointed to succeed the late C. J. Yorath as head of the Northwestern Utilities Ltd. and subsidiary companies in Western Canada.

Mr. Milner has been appointed managing director and member of the board of the Dominion Gas and Electric Company and as soon as the appropriate corporate action can be taken he will be appointed president and managing director of the associated companies. These include the Gas Company at Calgary; the Northwestern Utilities Ltd., Edmonton; Canadian Utilities Ltd., Calgary; Nanaimo Light, Heating and Power Co., Ltd.; Duncan Utilities at Duncan, B. C., and the Union Power Company of Drumheller.

PRAIRIE WEST IS TREE PLANTING

One of the important effects of the drought and gale-damage experience of the prairie provinces has been to stimulate tree planting enormously. Thousands of farmers, completely "blown out" in 1931, have witnessed the phenomenon of profitable crops gathered by neighbors who had the foresight to shield their farms with shelter belts of trees ten or fifteen years ago. As a consequence, shelter belts have assumed a new importance and the rate of tree planting in future will be rapidly accelerated. More than 100,000 prairie farmers already have established tree shelter about their homes and farms.

WEEKLY REVIEW PROV. MARKETS

BEEF—Choice heavy steers \$4.50@4.75; choice light from \$4.75@4.85; good \$4.50@4.75; medium \$4.40@4.50; common \$2.50@3.50. Choice heifers sold at \$4.75@4.85, with the good kinds making \$1.50@1.75.

FEDDERERS, STOCKERS—Feeder steers bringing \$3.50@4; stock steers \$3.25@3.4; stock heifers \$3.25@3.4, and stock cows from \$2.25@3.50. HOGS—Edmonton quotation on select \$3.65@3.75; butchers \$2.65@2.75.

SHEEP—Edmonton market values show lambs as stronger for the week. Yearlings at \$3.50@4; ewes \$2.50@3.50, and lambs \$4@3.75.

POULTRY—No. 1 fowl, over 4 lbs., 7c; No. 1 under 4 lbs., 5c; No. 2, 4c; Roosters 4@5c.

EGGS—Prices down 2c. Extras, 8c; first, 7c; and seconds, 4c. HAY—Movement from country points through market light. Buyers making purchases direct from growers. Prices remain steady: Upland, \$8@9; and timothy \$10 per ton, on track at country points.

FEED OATS—Demand slightly easier this week, but market quotation unchanged at 23@25c per bushel. Offerings arriving as required.

GREENFEED—Good demand in this division and quality maintaining a high standard. Price steady and unchanged at \$8@9 per ton, delivered.

CANADIAN LEGION WHIST DRIVE & SOCIAL

A Whist-Drive and Social evening will be held in Hedley's Hall May 2nd at 8:30 p.m. Admission 25 cents. Ladies are asked to kindly bring cakes or sandwiches. Men to bring card tables. Come and have a good time everybody.

NOTICE

The Irma S. D. No. 2435 will receive sealed tenders for the position of janitor for the Irma School, duties to commence May 3rd, 1932. All tenders must be in the hands of the Chairman, Mrs. S. V. Schenck, by April 30th. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Chas. Wilbraham, Sec.-Treas.

NOTICE

The Irma S. D. No. 2435 will receive sealed tenders for the position of Secretary-Treasurer, duties to commence May 3rd, 1932. All tenders must be in the hands of the Chairman, Mrs. S. V. Schenck, by April 30th. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Chas. Wilbraham, Sec.-Treas.

NOTICE

The Village Council have set the first week in the month of May as clean up week and request one and all to clean up their property before the end of said week. A nuisance ground has been provided by the Village and same is situated at the S.W. corner of the Village south of the tracks. Do your bit to help beautify your Village by complying with this request.

Chas. Wilbraham, Sec.-Treas.

13-15c.

PACKAGE BEES

Bees will commence arriving about the 20th of April. It is important that all farmers wishing packages of bees this spring place their order immediately. Remember the earlier you get your bees started the better chance you will have of getting a good crop of honey.

IRMA BRANCH NO. 112 CANADIAN LEGION B. E. S. L.

The General Meeting of the above Branch will be held in Hedley Hall on May 2nd at 7:30 p.m. sharp followed by a Social evening.

DR. MURRAY

Dentist
will be in IRMA, on
WEDNESDAY, MAY 4th
For Professional Services

GET YOUR SHOES AND HARNESS REPAIRED BY

STEVE HLYNKA

Irma, Alberta

"SALADA"

REDUCES PRICE

30c a lb.

BROWN LABEL NOW 30c ½ lb.
YELLOW LABEL NOW 25c ½ lb.

(OTHER LABELS REMAIN UNCHANGED)

PRICES EFFECTIVE NOW
DO NOT PAY MORE

Grocers - WE WILL PROTECT YOU
AGAINST ALL LOSS - SEE REBATE FORM
WHICH HAS BEEN MAILED TO YOU

Balanced Budgets

The news is flashed around the world that Great Britain which, only a few months ago, was in dire financial straits, has balanced its budget. It was accomplished by the adoption of rigid economies on the one hand and the imposition of heavier taxation on the other hand.

The United States with a current deficit of over two billions of dollars, is engaged in the task of trying to find a way to balance its budget. Here, too, the imposition of new and heavier taxation is being considered as the only way out, with economies in administration receiving less attention than in Great Britain.

The Government of Canada, and the Governments of the various Provinces of Canada, are all engaged in the same work—trying to balance their budgets and the same remedies are being applied, reductions in services to the people coupled with heavier taxation levies.

All municipal bodies and boards of school trustees are likewise employed, but, in the case of these minor governing bodies, more effort is being applied in the reduction of expenditures, and less recourse is being had to the imposition of new taxes; in fact, most municipal councils and schoolboards are striving to reduce taxation.

But what of the individual citizen? He is in the same predicament as governments. He is confronted with greatly decreased income, or none at all, as a result of unemployment or failure of his business to produce the revenue formerly forthcoming and to which he and his family have been accustomed. But the individual does not possess the power to tax, and in these present days he cannot develop new sources of income. If, therefore, he is to balance his budget, and thus avoid bankruptcy, there is only one thing he can do—that is, cut expenditures. Most people have already done so, some to the extreme limit that it is possible to go, others not quite so far. And the ability of the individual citizen to keep within his income is being made more and more difficult by reason of the steadily increasing taxes, which constitute a first charge upon his income.

Out of these financial difficulties, at least one good is developing. The individual citizen, who as a taxpayer is the final source of supply for all governments, is beginning to take a keener, more intelligent interest in the administration of his business by all governmental bodies. When times were fairly prosperous and taxes comparatively light—at least in his more prosperous circumstances he was able to meet them without much trouble—the perous citizen gave little heed to where governmental policies and expenditures were leading. He kept on demanding more and more in the way of public services without fully realizing that, in the final analysis, he must pay for them. Now he finds that he must do the paying, and, further, that he must do without some of the services to which he has become accustomed, because he and his fellow taxpayers can no longer afford to maintain them.

Whatever may be said for or against the Russian experiment in government, at least this can be said for it, that in no country in the world, perhaps, have the masses of the people developed quite as alert an interest in their government, its policies, methods and acts. Every Russian today is almost forced to take an interest in the national policies and work of his government. He is being made to realize that he is a cog in that machine, small it may be, but important, and he must do his part.

If, as the outcome of the attempt to balance budgets throughout Canada, and elsewhere, people become more government-minded, more watchful of what their governments are doing, and, at election times, less easily swayed by appeals to petty local interests, racial prejudices and religious passions, then there will be great gain to the country as a result of the bitter experiences we are now undergoing. If the lesson is learned, and taken to heart, that as citizen-tax paying-voters we should apply that same hard business sense to making our decisions at the ballot box that we make in the ordinary everyday business transactions in which we engage, if, in a word, we balance our judgments as citizens and electors, as well as our budgets, then a great future and, it is to be hoped, lasting gain will result from our present difficulties and financial embarrassments.

Must Be Canadian Made

The Moose Jaw Collegiate Board decided that in future all chalk and other supplies be purchased from firms handling "Made in Canada" goods. This motion was put by J. E. Chisholm. His inquiry revealed that the chalk used at the present time was made in the United States.

Production of Italy's silk mills in 1931 was valued at \$79,000,000.

Rapid Growth

Two men met in the village, and after a few minutes conversation, one remarked: "Have you heard about Mr. Smith? Is it true?" "I don't know," replied the other, "but I do know this, if ye set a feather away at one end of the village it'll be a feather bed before it gets to the other!"

Germany is boosting its auto taxes.

Selected Difficult Work

Blind Man Is Successful Commercial Traveller In Australia

Of all the work possible for a blind person surely that of a commercial traveller has most difficulties.

Yet news comes from Australia of a man who, though he lost his sight at the age of four, now travels to every town in Western Australia as the representative of a large firm in Perth.

Before taking on this work Mr. Harold Ackland passed the matriculation at 19, and won a University Arts degree at 23. The Braille Society paid his fees, and his members made up for the lack of text books by copying out for him by hand, pages and pages in Braille, and also reading and dictating to him.

Mr. Ackland hoped to take up Law, but this was not possible, and he started his present work. Now he is known to every railway official on the line, has a cheery greeting for them all, and is one of the happiest and busiest men in Western Australia.

Mothers can easily know when their children are troubled with worms, and they lose no time in applying a reliable remedy—Mother's Worm Expeller.

Ruling On School Books

School Readers In Saskatchewan To Be Provided To School Districts

School readers in Saskatchewan in the next term will be provided to the school districts through the government offices in Regina, and will become the property of the school districts, and not of the pupils as customary in the past. This move may reduce the costs of new readers as high as a quarter, it was said following a meeting of the Educational Council of Saskatchewan.

Where parents object to their children using a reader previously in use by some other child, they will have the option of purchasing readers for their own children, according to the decision of the council.

Teacher: "Can anyone tell what a bridegroom is?"
 Small Boy: "Please, miss, a thing they use at a wedding."

for DANDRUFF

and Falling Hair, use Minard's exactly as you would any hair tonic. Use this 4 times a week and the result will be a

MINARD'S

"KING OF PAIN"

LINIMENT

W. U. 1939

Care Of Canada's Veterans

Cost To The Country Is In The Neighborhood Of \$35,000,000 Annually

Care of Canada's veterans of the Great War costs this country in the neighborhood of \$35,000,000 annually, of which the largest item is the \$49,000,000 paid out in war pensions. Relief to unemployed war pensioners, grants to veterans whom advancing years and sicknesses, not directly attributable to war service have removed from the labor market, and other expenditures connected with the care and examination of pension applicants and ex-soldier patients raise the amounts spent as a direct result of the war to the \$55,000,000 mark.

Pension payments are graduated, first in respect of disability, and second in respect of the former rank of the pensioner. Consideration is also had for the married or unmarried state of the pensioner. For example, a private soldier, married, with two dependent children and awarded a pension for 100 per cent. disability, receives \$127.00 a month. This amount is made up to \$75 for the disability, \$25 for the wife, \$15 for the first child, \$12 for the second. An additional \$10 a month is paid for each additional dependent child.

This scale is stationary up to the rank of lieutenant, from then on, it is graduated higher.

Prominent Military Man Dead

General John Hughes Dies At Bowmanville, Ont., At Advanced Age

General John Hughes, long a prominent figure in military and agricultural circles, and son of an illustrious family, died at Bowmanville, Ont., recently, aged 82. His health had been failing for more than a year.

Brother of the late Sir Sam Hughes and Gen. W. St. Pierre Hughes, deceased saw valorous service with the Midland battalion in the Northwest Rebellion of 1885. He was present at the operations against the hardy band of Chief Big Bear, and was mentioned in despatches, being awarded a medal with clasp. Later he rose to the command of the 38th regiment.

General Hughes was appointed to command the Sixth Infantry Brigade March, 1906. Two years later he was transferred to the command of the Fourth Brigade, Second Infantry Division.

In honor of his long connection with Canadian militia he was elected president of the Infantry Association of the Tenth Division in 1911.

General Hughes found time in later life to take a leading part in the agricultural, educational and commercial affairs of the community where he resided.

Treasure Trove

Party On Cocos Island Expect To Locate Fabulous Wealth

With 10 burly Costa Rica soldiers as guards a group of Pacific Northwest treasure hunters are on Cocos Island attempting to locate supposedly fabulous wealth buried there by buccaners and pirate chieftains.

The party consists of 24 men, headed by Col. J. E. Leckie of Vancouver.

Information of the group's activities was received here by Ralph Lomen, president of the company which owns the "Silverwave," a small vessel used by the party in its voyage to the island, 300 miles west of Costa Rica.

The letter from Captain Eldred Tansen, skipper of the "Silverwave," said the Costa Rican soldiers were sent to see that their government gets a fair division of any treasure found, said to be one-third.

Choked For Air. Some little irritant becomes lodged in the bronchial tubes, often gallies, and the awful choking of asthma results. Nothing offers quite such quick and positive relief as Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. The healing, soothing smoke or vapor penetrates, clears the passages and gives untold relief. It is the sure remedy for every sufferer.

Passing the Buck

"I see Miss Smithers that you have spelled 'receive' with 'e' in one place and 'ie' in another."

"I'm sorry, sir. One of them was a slip."

"Well, correct it."

"Certainly, sir. By the way, which one shall I correct?"

"M'm—er—why, the one that is wrong of course."

Soaring prices in gasoline have caused motorists in Malaya to seek low fuel-consumption models.

Wages of building craftsmen and laborers in England have been reduced one cent an hour.

South America's cement production has increased 200 per cent. in five years.

Reductions In Ocean Travel

Cunard and Anchor Lines Announce Low Rates To Europe

The Cunard and Anchor Lines announce drastic reductions in rates for travel to Europe effective immediately. The reductions will be made in all classes of travel from First Class to Third Class. A reduction of 20 per cent. will be made on all First Class, Cabin and Tourist Class rates to Europe. In Third Class, the rates which are already extremely low, have been further reduced by 10 per cent. The reductions will apply to all services of the Cunard and Anchor Lines between the United States, Canada and Europe and to all their ships, including the three Express Liners, "Beren-garia," "Aquitania," and "Mauretania."

In addition, the usual "Summer Season" increase has been dispensed with, the new low rates applying all year around. Thus, in effect passengers will be paying as much as 40% less than previously in the summer season. Some idea of the size of these reductions may be obtained from a comparison of the new minimum rates for various classes and steamers. The "Aquitania" and "Beren-garia" formerly \$725 First Class in the summer season is reduced to \$200. The "Mauretania" formerly \$258 is now \$188. Cabin rates for these steamers are the "Francis" and "Carinthia" formerly \$155 to England and \$160 to France, are down to \$124 to England and \$129 to France. For the "Laconia," "Scythia," "Samarra," the rates are now \$122 to British ports and \$127 to France.

Cabin steamer of "A" type, such as the "Aurania," "Alania," and "Ascania" formerly \$135 to England and \$140 to France, now take a rate of \$108 one way, and \$200 round trip to England, and \$113 one way, and \$210 round trip to France.

Tourist Class rates in the "Aquitania" and "Beren-garia" formerly \$122.50 to England, and \$132.50 to France, are now \$98 to England, and \$108 to France one way, and \$173 to England, and \$178 to France round trip. Tourist rates in cabin steamers are as low as \$84 to England.

Miller's Worm Powders do not need the after-help of castor oil or any purgative to complete their thoroughness, because they are thorough in themselves. One dose of them, and they will be found palatable by all children, will end the worm trouble by making the stomach and bowels untenable to the parasites. And not only this, but the powders will be certain to exert most beneficial influences in the digestive organs.

Memorial Scholarship

M. E. Manning Of University Of Alberta Will Go To Geneva

Award of the Elizabeth Imrie Memorial Scholarship to M. E. Manning, student at the University of Alberta, has been announced by Dr. R. C. Wallace, president of the University. The scholarship will permit Manning to spend the coming summer at the Geneva School of International Studies, and later in attendance at the assembly of the League of Nations as an observer.

It is given by Mr. and Mrs. John M. Imrie in order that a student may have the opportunity to study international political and economic affairs at first hand. The student selected has one more year to study before graduation in law. He is western vice-president of the Canadian Federation of University Students.

Plans Are Blocked

The bill to establish the Waterton-Grand Teton National Park on the border between Montana and Alberta to stand as a symbol of peace between Canada and the United States, has been temporarily blocked by groups interested in establishing an international peace garden in North Dakota on Turtle Mountain.

Mergers have hit the crossroads. In Big Pine, Calif., a large sign announces: "Permanent Waving and Fish worms."

Artist—A thousand wouldn't buy this picture!
 Onlooker—Well, I'm one of the thousand.

Czech-Slovakia's "Ford" of shoe manufacturers will invade Poland.

MILBURN'S HEART NERVE PILLS

Price 50c a box

Sold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburns Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

COLIC

"Really, I think BABY'S OWN TABLETS are wonderful," writes Mrs. Allan P. MacDonald, Northfield, Ont. "My baby has no more colic pains."

BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Protect Bacon Prices

U.F.O. To Present Programme To Imperial Conference

The United Farmers of Ontario will draft a programme for presentation by Hon. Mr. Weir, Dominion Minister of Agriculture, to the Imperial Conference, dealing with matters that are of special interest to the farming community. The U.F.O. as large manufacturers of butter, will seek some assistance in the exportation of their product which has won a place second to none in the dairy world and at prices that will stand a lot of competition.

The U.F.O. has seven factories in Ontario which the organization owns. And two in which they have a substantial interest. The output of these plants is approximately 7,500,000 pounds a year, and of this total over 1,000,000 pounds is made at the Toronto plant.

Some protest will be made against the fluctuation in bacon prices while the price for live hogs remains the same and at the bottom. This has aroused suspicion in the minds of the United Farmers that the packers have a hand in the manipulation of prices on the British market. Some assistance will be asked by livestock men for the export of Ontario hogs to Great Britain which will relieve the Ontario farmer from the independence of the Ontario packing plants.

In the matter of grain shipments farmers are not so much concerned, but with livestock and dairy product it is different. Ontario hopes to have the assistance of the United Farmers of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, in their efforts to secure better conditions for the export of pork products, livestock, cheese and butter.

Boost Fishing Industry

Found That Halibut Liver Oil Can Take The Place Of Cod Liver Oil

Halibut fishermen of British Columbia are benefiting by the research of two large laboratories in the United States which have discovered that halibut liver oil is as high in vitamin content as cod liver oil, it is stated. As a result, two prominent pharmaceutical firms are manufacturing halibut liver oil from Pacific coast halibut. Each 10,000 pound catch of halibut brings nearer \$250 additional revenue to fishermen, an amount gratefully received in these days of low fish prices.

Canada's Poultry Wealth

A report recently issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics estimates the number and value of farm poultry throughout Canada for the year 1931 as follows:

Kind	Number	Value
Hens and chickens	61,572,000	\$26,908,000
Turkeys	2,532,000	4,125,000
Geese	904,000	1,315,000
Ducks	760,000	647,000

Air Express Over Alps

The first air express from Croydon, England, to the aerodrome at Cannes, France, has just been inaugurated. It brings the Riviera within seven hours of London, instead of 36 hours by boat and train. The journey includes a night over the Alps.

"Don't be without Douglas' Egyptian Liniment. Keep it always handy. Relieves toothache, neuralgia, sore throat, quinsy, and croup. Invaluable for burns, sores, Barber's Itch and ringworm."

Tests of scientists have suggested the theory that sleep is a form of intoxication.

Barcelona, Spain, is wrestling with a serious housing problem.

Sharp Pains In His Heart Nerves In Bad Condition

Mr. Fred J. Chase, Thompson Station, N.S., writes:—"I have used Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills with wonderful results."

My heart would beat so fast I would have to sit down when at work though I was not working hard.

I had sharp pains in my heart when I would lie down at night.

My nerves were also in a very bad condition, but after using two boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I feel just fine, and am fourteen pounds heavier than I have been for years."

Canada Fortunate In Offering A Wide Variety Of Attractions In World's Greatest Playground

The majority of Canadians probably do not realize what a wonderful choice of vacation opportunities this country offers. How many of us in any one province have first-hand knowledge of the wide range of attractions of our neighboring provinces? Many no doubt have gone abroad to seek a holiday, forgetting that our own Dominion is unequalled in the exceptional variety and range of its recreational resources. Surely a country which attracts visitors from other countries by the tens of millions must have recreational features of interest to its own citizens.

It is so easy to travel in Canada that an interprovincial tour is a recreation which every Canadian vacationist may well and profitably undertake. All the developed and

variety of accommodation. On the Atlantic coast, in the provinces of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, are typical sea-shore resorts, where salt-water bathing, sailing and deep sea fishing are the principal attractions. The rugged beauty of this coast and the picturesque charm of the fishing villages, at the head of every inlet, cannot fail to enchant the summer visitor.

Quebec's summer playgrounds are of the most varied nature including as they do, sea-shore, mountain, lake and forest resorts. Along the lower St. Lawrence, summer colonies have been established at many points. North of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Rivers the Laurentian mountains, clothed with pine forests and dotted

Subvention On Coal

Amount Payable On Bituminous Coal Shipments To Manitoba Has Been Reduced

The maximum subvention payable on bituminous coal shipments by operators to Manitoba had been reduced from \$1.50 to \$1.20 per ton, Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Mines has announced. The reduction is to place all operators who ship to Manitoba on an equality without endangering the markets to Canadian coal from foreign competition.

Action follows consideration by the minister of representations made by the bituminous coal operators of the Crows' Nest Pass district. It is stated that these representations showed that the subvention order of 1931 placed the southern Alberta coal field at a disadvantage, as compared with the northern field in the Manitoba market.

Acceptances that have been granted prior to April 15, 1932, it is stated, will continue to be in force under the old maximum until the tonnages specified have been shipped.



By Annette



838

LOADS OF SMARTNESS HAS THIS SNAPPY BLOUSE WITH SLIMMING DIAGONAL CLOSING

And it's a model that can be carried out in a great many different materials.

For instance, here it is in a novelty sheer knitted woolen weave in a rather vivid green shade. The bone buttons tone with the fabric.

Then again, you may want something a bit more formal as crepe satin in pastel shade.

The rough crepe silks are sportive, yet will meet any afternoon smartly. And it's the easiest thing in the world to fashion.

And as for the saving in cost—the medium size takes but 2½ yards of 39-inch material.

Style No. 838 is designed for sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

The Farm Poultry Flock

Few Departments Of Farming That Give Higher Returns

"Poultry is at last definitely recognized as one of the essential departments of every up-to-date farm where a program of mixed farming is carried on," states George Robertson, Assistant Dominion Poultry Husbandman.

"Not only is it recognized as a necessary department of farm work but more and more farmers are coming to realize that for the capital invested and labour involved there are few if any departments that give as high returns. For the mixed farm, general purpose breeds such as the Plymouth Rocks, which are good both for laying and for the production of market poultry, are recommended. A flock of a hundred such birds carefully managed are returning to many a farmer a profit over cost of feed, of from \$200 to \$500 a year, which is something not to be disdained by even the most successful farmers."

According to an American professor at the University of Nanking, China, there have been 2,000 famines in north and east central China during the past 2,200 years.

There is a great deal of talk about the need of a new museum of crime in Rome to be under the control of the Department of Justice.

The Chinese turn soy beans not only into bread and milk and cheese, but also into oil for cooking and for lamps.

The new museum of crime in Rome is to be under the control of the Department of Justice.

"I went to the dentist yesterday. 'Does the tooth still ache?' 'I don't know. He kept it.'—Dor Brummer, Berlin.

"WIFE (to burglar hubby, leaving for a 'job')—'And don't be away as long as you were last time—four blinkin' years!'—The Humorist, London, England.

Lifeboat crews of Great Britain and Ireland saved 269 persons last year.

Urges Government Control Of Production Of Radium From Great Bear Lake Pitchblende

To consider the production of radium from pitchblende ore in the Great Bear Lake as a mining industry employing any large number of men was an "absurdity." This declaration was made in the senate by General A. D. McRae, Vancouver.

After speaking of the recent discoveries in the Great Bear Lake section, and the richness in supply of these high-grade pitchblende, the mother ore from which radium is obtained, Senator McRae declared: "I give these figures to show the absurdity of considering the production of radium from our pitchblende ore as a mining industry. Pitchblende is a medicinal ore, required chiefly for medicinal purposes. Not by the greatest stretch of the imagination can it be pictured as an industry which will employ any considerable number of men, or be of great commercial value to the country.

"The silver deposits in this district are phenomenal. As pitchblende is generally associated with silver ore it is possible that when mining is well under way more pitchblende will be produced in connection with the mining of silver than the world then requires, and consequently our government may some day have to make provision for conservation of surplus pitchblende. He would be a very foolish prospector who would now go into the Great Bear Lake district in search of more pitchblende."

General McRae was addressing a crowded chamber in support of his resolution urging government control of the production and distribution of all radium procured from Canadian ores. Appointment of a Canadian radium commission to investigate and recommend at the next session of parliament the best methods of such control—"to give suffering humanity the greatest boon of an ample supply of radium at a moderate cost"—was advocated by the British Columbia senator.

Present control of radium by the "Belgian Trust" at an "excessive price" produced a scarcity of radium, General McRae stated, while more deaths were caused by cancer than through any other disease. He considered that the government might well consider reserving all pitchblende from further stakings, and this would not interfere in the least with the mineral development of the North West Territories.

"As to claims already staked, asserted Senator McRae, 'it is asserted the holders should be generously treated. However, as the government, through its radium commission, must carry on the necessary education and regulate the distribution of radium so as to confine it to qualified users, it will probably be found that the government will either carry on the manufacture under the direction of the department of mines—a very efficient staff—or through the agency of some controlled private corporation, or perhaps under the direction of a permanent Canadian radium commission."

"In this event the arbitrary price at the mines, which, for my immediate calculations, I have adopted as \$100 a ton—five times the gold recovered per ton by the Lake Shore mines, one of the greatest gold mines in the world—should prove an equitable if not too generous an allowance to the people who have already staked claims. Of course, this is vastly different from the values now being talked. There is 20 tons of this ore now in Ottawa. It will probably produce, if manufactured, two grams of radium worth \$100,000; that is the Belgian wholesale price of two grams of manufactured radium. Surely we are not going to start in on this basis

in Canada. It is unthinkable that we should allow the pitchblende deposits of the Great Bear Lake to be developed on a basis which will enable Canadians to join with the Belgians as exploiters of suffering humanity."

After considerable investigation, General McRae said, he was very much impressed with the seriousness of the present situation in regard to the shortage of radium, "a shortage which is costing the lives of tens of thousands of cancer victims annually." He was enthusiastic of the opportunity which it would appear from government reports, "Canada has to step in and correct this world-wide situation and give to suffering humanity this great boon—an ample supply of radium at a moderate price."

The Flax-Seed Industry

Flax Grown Throughout Canada For Seed Rather Than For Fibre

Flax is a crop which is at present receiving quite a bit of attention by farmers throughout the Dominion. There are two principal uses for the crop, fibre and seed. Varieties giving the best fibre are not so well suited to seed production and, at the present time, the bulk of Canadian production is devoted to flax-seed, which has reached an average of over 3,000,000 bushels annually. Some two and a half million bushels of this volume are used domestically in the manufacture of linseed oil. The varieties which are being specially developed throughout the Dominion at the present time are those which offer greatest value from the standpoint of quality of seed and high percentage of oil content—Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Cost Of Education

Britain Spends Huge Sums For Educational Purposes

Nearly £100,000,000 is now being raised from the exchequer and taxable sources for expenditure on education in Britain. Sir Donald MacLean, president of the Board of Education, told the House of Commons when he submitted the board's estimates. Sir Donald declared the reduction of 10 per cent. in teachers' salaries effected last autumn was not to be regarded as the government's view of the proper remuneration for teachers under less abnormal conditions. The position would be reviewed when the financial position of the country allowed, he promised.

At the same time Sir Donald reminded the House that British teachers were better remunerated than teachers in Europe.

Get the Right Fertilizer

Good Time To Consult The Soil And Crop Authorities

"Never in the history of Canadian agriculture has it been more important for the farmer to be absolutely sure that he is getting the right kind of fertilizer for his crops than at the present time. Grant S. Peart, Chief of the Fertilizer Division of the Seed Branch, observes: 'In many parts of Canada the farmer is still sold fertilizer as recommended by local agents instead of buying it on the basis of his own knowledge of its proper use. As never before this would appear to be a good time to consult the soil and crop authorities at the agricultural colleges and Experimental Farms before making substantial purchases of fertilizers, because with proper care their use, even in these times of low farm prices, may be made profitable.

The Chinese turn soy beans not only into bread and milk and cheese, but also into oil for cooking and for lamps.

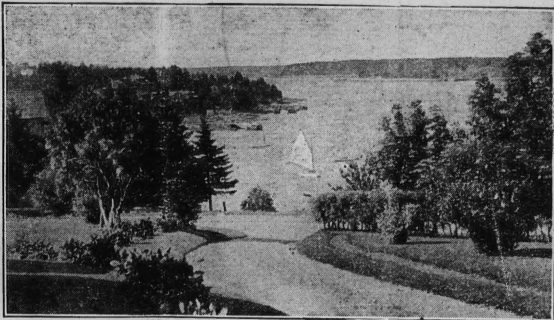
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"I went to the dentist yesterday. 'Does the tooth still ache?' 'I don't know. He kept it.'—Dor Brummer, Berlin.

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W. N. U. 1932



much of the undeveloped part of the Dominion is easily accessible by train, boat, or automobile. Canada is served by two of the world's greatest railway systems and a number of smaller lines. The equipment and service are of the highest standard. Steamers built specially for pleasure cruising afford many pleasant trips along the coast and on the extensive inland water system of lakes, rivers and canals. A cruise from the head of the Great Lakes to the Maritime Provinces is nearly equal, in distance, to an ocean voyage. Good roads lead to practically all scenic and sporting territories. Canada's road system includes many thousands of miles of surfaced highways, well equipped with direction signs and danger signals. Tourist accommodation, from campsite to hotel, is available almost everywhere.

National and provincial parks in Canada cover nearly 25,000 square miles. They are areas which have been withdrawn from exploitation and are being preserved in their virgin beauty and wildness, for purposes of pleasure and recreation. The largest national parks are in the Rocky Mountains section of Alberta, a region of unsurpassed scenic splendour admirably equipped by nature for all forms of sport and recreation. There are also important parks in British Columbia, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario and Quebec. Accommodation ranges all the way from large modern hotels, to log cabins and tents. Fishing is one of the chief attractions in the parks, but game animals and birds are rightly protected and their fearless never fails to interest visitors.

Throughout the Dominion there are many summer resort districts which offer a wide range of attraction and

with lakes constitute a vast summer and winter playground. The Eastern Townships, which adjoin the international boundary, also have a number of well-established resorts on picturesque lakes and rivers.

Ontario has perhaps the largest number and greatest variety of developed summer resorts of any of the provinces. The Thousand Islands, Lake of Bays, Muskoka Lakes, and Georgian Bay are known throughout America, but there are in addition equally attractive, only slightly less known, districts. Accommodation includes everything from campsite to palatial hotel, and cottages may be rented in any district.

In the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, many attractive resorts are located along the shores of the lakes and rivers. The Canadian Rockies are world famous for scenic beauty and contain some of the most highly developed tourist resorts on the continent.

British Columbia, with varied and splendid scenic attractions, is a tourist wonderland. The province has majestic mountain ranges, and extensive lake areas, stately forests, an imposing coast line, and many attractive resorts in settings of exceptional natural beauty.

For a number of years the Department of the Interior at Ottawa has been engaged in the promotion of the Canadian tourist industry, more especially the development of tourist travel from the United States to Canada. It is also endeavoring to influence Canadians to spend their vacations in the Dominion. The National Development Bureau of that Department will gladly furnish interprovincial road maps and other information for the use of those planning a Canadian tour, and where necessary will refer enquiries to provincial and local tourist organizations. Applicants should be as specific as possible as to the section of Canada in which they are interested, in order that available information may be supplied.

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To Protect Game

Recommend Prohibition Of Live Decoys And Pump Guns

Prohibition of the use of live decoys and sink-boxes in the hunting of migratory game and restriction of the use of pump guns were among recommendations made at the conference of provincial and Dominion game officials at Ottawa. The conference dealt with ways and means of protecting migratory bird life of the continent, and various measures for the control of hunting and better conservation of ducks were under consideration.

It was urged in resolutions passed that every effort be made to restrict further the sale of game in provinces where this is still permitted and a recommendation was made that both daily and seasonal bag limits be made as low as possible and that the daily duck limit should not exceed 15 in any province. It was proposed that all hunters be licensed provincially and that they be required to make a return of their take.

Interpretation of the natural resources agreements and Indian treaties in a manner consistent with the generally recognized principles of game conservation was suggested and it was agreed that prohibition of the hunting of wild life from aeroplanes should be made a part of the air regulations.

To Encourage Horse Breeding

Government Assistance To Stallion Owners In Western Canada

In view of existing conditions, as likely seriously to affect horse breeding activities in the three Western Provinces during the coming season, the Honourable Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture, has offered a plan of assistance alternative to the club system which has been in vogue.

It is agreed to pay to owners of all stallions that have passed Federal inspection, a grant of five dollars per mare bred, up to a maximum of fifty mares per horse.

A sworn statement will be required covering the list of names of mare owners as submitted by the stallion owner. The grant will be payable at the end of the season. The offer has reference to the present year only, and is calculated to provide a measure of immediate assistance to the stallion owner. In that this grant may be regarded by him as replacing all or part of the service money or first payment due from the breeders, the latter will be indirectly benefited.

All clubs now contemplating, or that have made application, will be advised of this plan which, in brief, provides the alternative described, where difficulty is encountered in club formation. Either plan is available.

Lifeboat crews of Great Britain and Ireland saved 269 persons last year.



Many Like Him

A negro applied for a job, and set forth his attributes without too much modesty.

"All right," said the boss, "you can have a job; and as to salary, well, I'll pay you just whatever your worth."

"Dat's no use to me, sah," said the applicant decidedly. "I see gettin' no dat where I is now."

Back To Nature

"Just fancy grandma," said the girl; I had my second flying lesson today and it won't be long before I'll be able to take you to the country in my airplane."

"You won't do anything of the kind," said her grandmother, grimly.

"When I want to go to the country, I'll go by train, as Providence intended us to."

Stormizing Adds 20,000 Miles to the Life of Your Car

PROPER RE-CONDITIONING WILL ADD MILES TO THE LIFE OF YOUR CAR

STORMIZING — a recognized method of motor re-conditioning and proven superior to other methods, giving longer life and finer performance.

Ask Us for an Estimate

CARBOL'S GARAGE

FORD SALES & SERVICE

Phone No. 1, Irma, Alberta

CONFIDENCE

Farmers who do business with this company are confident of safety, of good treatment and efficient service. That is based on the company's record and reputation and the experience of western farmers during more than a quarter of a century.

(Your U. G. Agent has been appointed an official representative of the Country Guide, and can take your subscription or renewal.)

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD

Elevators at: Viking, Kinsella, Irma, Jarrow, Holden

Good Italian Bees

NOW IS THE TIME TO PLAN ON STARTING WITH BEES

Between now and May 1st I will take orders for a limited number of bees in 8 or 10 frame hives.

H. W. Love,

Irma, Alberta

IRMA TIMES

H. W. LOVE, Prop.

A Good Advertising Medium and a Reliable Newspaper on Oil Activities

LOOK! LISTEN AND STOP!

Despite all efforts and safeguards to the contrary, Canadian motorists and others using public highways continue to run into trains, according to highway crossing accident statistics issued by the Operating Department of the Canadian National Railways. Over the entire Canadian National System, however, there has been a decrease in the past four years in the number of persons crashing into the side of trains as also has there been a decrease in the number of cases where vehicles were struck by trains. In 1931 there were more than 700 highway crossing accidents on the Canadian National System, including Grand Trunk Western Lines in the U.S. and in this total, 199 accidents were caused by motorists and others running into the side of engines or trains either standing on or passing over crossings. On Canadian lines alone there were 158 such accidents. Of the total, 122 crossings were protected by gates which were smashed, and of these accidents, 53 occurred during hours of daylight and 69 during hours of darkness.

It isn't much to say for a man that he has never made an enemy. You could write a similar eulogy over a cabbage head or a turnip. It would be an appropriate topic in a high school essay on catenated mud or a panegyric on putty. It would fittingly adorn the gravestone of an ox in the way of an epitaph. If, in speaking or writing your convictions concerning things that are right and wrong, you never have run counter to panderers, puff-blowers and smiling but silly Pollyannas, then you have been tolerantly indulgent on the grounds of common courtesy, and you should apply for a job as a dummy in the show window of a clothing store.

Shirburn Advertising Standard

One of the biggest mistakes that the business man in the rural town can make is to not keep in constant contact with his market by means of advertising. The easiest and cheapest way of keeping that contact is through a weekly advertisement in his home newspaper. He should not miss an issue but should consider that his patrons are entitled to the best information he can give them every week of what he has to sell and what the prices are. To quit advertising for a while, and to advertise only occasionally is to lose contact with the market where he must sell his goods. And while he is losing this contact some other concern, mail order or otherwise, may be forming a contact that will be hard to break. Publicity is just as important one week as another and its effects are cumulative.—Ex.

Here and There

Forty British sportsmen which have arranged to fish trout and salmon on the Ottawa, Montreal and Saint John rivers to sailing by S.S. Melita for their home countries, eight European Ford Motor dealers were lavishly entertained at all cities they stopped at.

Canada shipped more than 5,000,000 pairs of rubber and rubber-soled boots and shoes valued at approximately \$4,408,000 to more than 80 countries during 1931, according to information given out by the Dominion Department of Trade and Commerce.

Travelling Canadian Pacific across the Dominion from Detroit and visiting Niagara Falls, Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal and Saint John prior to sailing by S.S. Melita for their home countries, eight European Ford Motor dealers were lavishly entertained at all cities they stopped at.

S.S. Montclair, the ship that inaugurated Canadian Pacific ocean passenger service at Halifax this winter after a lapse of twenty years, saluted the port with a shrill blast of her whistle. On Friday evening when she ended her last visit to Maritime ports for the 1931-1932 season.

Union of Farming, Business, and Industry.

By W. H. Collier, B. A.

According to the last census there are in the three prairie provinces some 250,000 farmers living on working farms. Most of them have been on account of accumulated debts, interest charges and taxes over 200,000 of these farmers have no legal equity left in the farms they are working. They have become tenants. They are living on farms by the grace of landlords to whom they must pay rent or its equivalent. Many of them have spent twenty to thirty years making homes and improving farms only to lose all. They have helped make Canada the wealthy country it is but have no legal claim to any part of its wealth. Although they have been industrious and thrifty they have lost their farms and homes.

WHO OWN THESE FARMS NOW?

Mortgage companies, the C. P. R., the H. B. Co., and other absentee landlords own them. Is there a probability that former normalcy will return so that these farmers will be able to redeem their farms? The most competent observers say: "None whatever." Former normalcy will never return. A permanent change in our economic structure, due to many causes but chiefly to new inventions and improved methods of production, has taken place. Canada must proceed from here and now to build up a new normalcy and if we Canadians will but use the intelligence and common sense that we pride ourselves on possessing, we can in a very short time change our present chaotic economics and depression to orderly business and prosperity in spite of what the rest of the world does.

LET US BEGIN WITH THE FARMS

The Mortgage Companies, banks and other landlords do not want the farms. They cannot use them. They are even more anxious to turn them back to the farmers than the farmers are to redeem them. Under modern conditions of agriculture it is not possible to have great majority of farmers independently to make a living from a farm let alone redeeming or buying one. It is only the exceptional farmer who can do so; less than 15 per cent. of all. During the last ten years the provincial governments have lost millions of dollars in loans to wheat pools, dairy pools, cattle pools, credit societies and other voluntary co-operatives. The farmers were made to bolster up individual farming, to retain that state of 'independence of the farmer' so highly prized in the past but which has forever gone. Not only have the governments lost the loans but the farmers have lost their farms and see no good reason to try to redeem them. Farmers have learned that their independence is a phantom which leads but to starvation.

However, there never was a time when the governments, the loan companies, banks, business and industry were more ready than they are now to join hands with the farmers to put farming on a sound business basis. It is in the interest of the whole country to do so. If we but organize farming and at the same time co-ordinate it with business and industry so as to restore general confidence in a modern economic system there is on deposit in our banks more than a billion and a half dollars ready and anxious to get behind all three to make Canada the most prosperous country in the world. This can readily be done through mutual co-operation by means of the limited liability company. As soon as the farmers adopt this sound basis of co-operation abundance of credit will be available.

CO-OPERATE THE FARMS, NOT THE FARMERS

In farming there are two essential factors, farms and farmers. Implements and livestock are incidentals. Heretofore for many years we have tried unsuccessfully to co-operate the farmers. Let us turn now to co-operating the farms. Farms will stay put; farmers are transient and mortal.

"Farmers may come and farmers may go, But Farms go on forever."

It is a splendid time to co-operate farms. They are cheap. Many may be had for less than the cost of their improvements. Some may be had by paying arrears of taxes. Let us seek the best plan of co-operating them a plan that will be fair to the farmers, to the landlords and to all others concerned.

THE VIKING DISTRICT

The town of Viking is the centre of a splendid mixed farming district comprising townships 40, 41, 42 and 43 Ranges 11, 12, 13 and 14 west of the Fourth Meridian. There are some six hundred and fifty improved farms within this area averaging in size 320 acres each. Fully four hundred and fifty of these farms are owned by absentee landlords either by holding the deeds or through sales agreements, mortgages and liens that leave the farmers who are living on them and working them without any legal equity in them. Many of the remaining two hundred farms are owned only partly by the farmers as they have claims registered against them. Less than one hundred farms are owned by resident farmers free of encumbrances. Most of the farmers have lost all incentive to further improve them or even keep them up.

LIQUIDATE ENCUMBRANCES

In order to put farming in the Viking District on a sound business basis the most important step necessary is to liquidate encumbrances against the farms; to free them from mortgages, liens and sales agreements. The banks will grant the farmers no credit until this is done but as soon as it is done the banks will grant all the credit needed to carry on actual farming operations all season to season. Let us free the farms from their present encumbrances once and thereafter keep them free and there will be no question but that the farmers operating them will be able to secure credit to work them at all times.

It is to the banks that farming must look for credit not to the governments. The Alberta government does not loan more money to pools, co-operatives or credit societies. It has already lost millions of dollars in doing so and thus usurping the functions of the banks. Farming must be thoroughly organized along the same lines and in the same way as business and industry so as to compare the confidence of the banks and to rely on the banks for credit and as soon as that is done plenty of money will be at its service.

In organizing farming other important steps besides liquidating encumbrances will be to apply scientific methods as worked out by the government farms and laboratories, to keep accurate records of all operations and accounts, to manufacture many finished goods from the raw products of the farm and to buy and sell collectively.

The ultimate object of this plan is to co-ordinate the

farming, business and industry of the district so as to lower costs, to increase production and to improve the quality of our products. By doing this the standard of living of every resident of the district will be greatly raised.

VIKING FARMS LIMITED

To accomplish these steps the farmers and business men of the Viking District will form a limited liability company called Viking Farms Limited to take over and organize, administer, manage and operate the hundreds of farms within the district now owned by absentee landlords.

The Company will secure a broad charter giving it the rights and privileges, besides owning and operating farms, to operate such lines of business and industry closely connected with farming.

The affairs of the Company shall be vested in a board of twelve directors elected by the shareholders. At least eight of the directors shall be residents of Viking District and they will undoubtedly be chosen at all times from the foremost farmers and business men of the district, men in whose abilities and integrity there is universal confidence. Other members of the board may represent outside interests.

The Company will be organized on the usual line and staff method. There will be a management or executive appointed by the directors who will have charge of conducting the business of the Company according to the charter and by-laws and will be responsible to the board. The management will make all arrangements with the operating farmers and assign them their respective work and duties.

The Company will maintain close connection with both the Provincial and Federal Departments of Agriculture as well as to secure technical supervision and advice of government experts and engineers.

The Company will pay for the farms and liquidate all encumbrances against them by issuing shares of its capital stock thereof. The price to be paid for each farm will be arranged between the owner and a board of appraisers appointed by the Company. All encumbrances must be liquidated by the owner before being liquidated by the stock of the company.

In order to guarantee dividends of the capital stock of the company there will be set aside that purpose a percentage of the earnings of the company as hereafter explained. This will assure a value to the shares from the time of issue and they will be transferrable the large investments now frozen in deeds, agreements of sale, mortgages and liens, will be put into liquid form and can be bought and sold or traded. Credit should be extended immediately and have effect far beyond the district itself. This stock will greatly expand or supplement our currency as it will undoubtedly have a fixed local value.

With the farms free of encumbrances and Viking Farms Limited under a strong board of directors and all necessary credit will be no difficulty in securing the funds to operate the banks for actual operating purposes. And the greater the success of the Company the more freely will the stock pass for currency.

ORGANIZING FARM UNITS

As the present farms and lands are acquired by the company they will come under its control and management. As a rule they will be grouped and organized into large units of from 3,000 to 8,000 acres with each unit in charge of a master farmer who will have associated with him in operating it other resident farmers. At first, however, the management may find it advisable and more profitable to the company to leave some of the present farms to be operated by resident farmers as a family farm. These farms would of course, be under the inspection and rule of the management and their records and accounts would be kept by the company.

CAPITAL

Cash capital will be obtained from the sale of the capital stock of the company. The company will issue a prospectus covering its aims and objects and explaining how it is organized, administered, managed and operated as a mutual union of farming, business and industry. The capital stock will also be used as has been explained to pay for farms, implements and livestock, and as currency.

DIVIDENDS AND WAGES

Viking Farms Limited will be essentially a producing company. Its products will be staple with prices determined by the market demands. The earnings will depend mostly on the quantity and quality of its products. The Company will, therefore, intend to secure the maximum production of all its branches consistent with good quality and minimum costs.

As capital and labour are essential factors of its production the Company must seek the fairest method of dividing between them the proceeds from the sale of its products. It is reasonable that this should be done yearly on a percentage basis.

The farmers and management will not receive fixed wages or salaries but on a poor year receive capital and capital will be paid on a percentage basis each year. The following division and sub-division of the proceeds of profits of the company each year is suggested:—

CAPITAL 40%
15% to dividends on stock.
10% to taxes and insurance.
10% to depreciation and maintenance.
5% to reserve.
LABOUR 60%
40% to wages and salaries.
10% to insurance against elements of nature.
10% to reserve.

By building up two insurance funds, one for capital and the other for labour out of their respective dividends, the Company can most effectively insure against the elements of nature — frost, drought, hail, wind and insect pests. Part of the abundant production from a good year will be carried over to make up the deficiency of a poor year. The Company will thus provide for any and carry its own insurance. As the farms will be spread over such a large area the loss of any one part can be easily absorbed by the whole.

The Capital Reserve will be used to equalize as nearly as possible the dividends on the capital stock from year to year.

The Labour Reserve will be used to buy in (invest in) the Capital stock of the Company so that eventually the farmers and business men of the district may own all the stock of the Company.

HERE'S ANOTHER REMEDY

A subscriber to a paper in a Minnesota town recently handed in the following remedy for hard times: "Substituting corn bread for cake, potatoes for mayonnaise, sorghum for maple syrup, milk for cola, truth for lies, honesty for installment buying, cotton step-ins for silk pajamas, conservation for optimism, walking sticks for cars, preacher's salary for gasoline, cooking for card parties, dry cleaning for fold and press, punctuality for tardiness, economy for thriftlessness, decency for immorality, a rocking chair at home for a seat in a speeding auto, and milk or water for white mud."

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

No matter how well organized a newspaper is, it is impossible for its reporters to gather all the local items of interest—some of your acquaintance—taken a trip or returned from one, or have friends or relatives visiting you; a former citizen has returned on a visit—all of these small incidents, and many more, are of interest to our readers. As we wish to make this paper a more live, local newspaper, we would greatly appreciate receiving local items from our readers. By informing us of local news, you are doing us an appreciated service, as well as a service to our readers.

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VIKING

On account of bad weather, P. D. McCune, 24 miles east of town has changed the date of his auction sale from Saturday, April 30th to Monday, May 2nd.

The Melody Aces are playing for a dance in the Elks hall on Tuesday evening, May 3rd. They will play numbers for old time dances as well as the new steps. The price of admission is 10c per couple, extra ladies 25c. You will have a good time. Tell your friends and come.

The weather of the past week has delayed spring work on the farms. Over an inch of rain fell during the week, which is estimated at 150 tons of water per acre. The moisture was quite general throughout the province. Roads have been in poor condition and impassable in many instances. With the sun shining and a drying wind, the highways are already showing improvement.

At the recent stock show held at Edmonton, Alice Swift was awarded fourteenth place in the children's judging competition with a total of 298 points.

For the best two finished bacon hogs, weighing from 180 to 230 lbs. purebred or grade, fitted and exhibited by boy or girl — 1st, Elsie Swift, Viking; 2nd, Madeline Swift, Viking.

For best sow or barrow, bacon type — 8th and 9th, Sam Swift, Viking.

The twentieth annual convention of the Edmonton District W. C. T. U. will be held this year at Lamont on Tuesday and Wednesday, May 3rd and 4th. The sessions will be presided over by Mrs. M. Hyslop, of Viking, district president.

A quiet wedding took place at St. Mary's Church, Viking, on Tuesday, April 12th when Miss Dorothy Josephine Maynard became the bride of Vincent Joseph Girard. Mr. and Mrs. Paul were the attendants.

With the best wishes of their many friends, the happy couple will reside with the bride's parents south east of town for a short time.

Clem Loughlin returned on Sunday from London, Ont., where he has been manager of the Tecumseh hockey team. This team made a good showing during the season under the management of Clem and got into the playoffs.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Burns, motored last week from Burrer Valley to Drummondville, Quebec, where Mr. Burns will be employed in one of the gas fields. The roads were good except about 75 miles from Drummond. They report a snow of six inches on April 17th.

Miss Prichard was taken ill with appendicitis and was operated on at the local hospital on Monday and we hear that she is making a satisfactory recovery.

H. A. Meredith is making preparations to build a new residence on Fifth Avenue, south and west of the schoolhouse. Materials are already on hand and work will commence soon.

Ross Syme, seventeen year old son of Mr. and Mrs. P. Syme, south of town underwent a successful operation for appendicitis at the local hospital last week and is making good progress.

Mrs. E. A. Evans, who has spent the past two years at Birmingham, Alabama, writes that she has been ill the past month with the flu and bronchitis. She wishes to be remembered to all friends in this district.

Mr. and Mrs. Kiefer arrived from Hardisty on Monday evening with the talking picture outfit that is being installed in the Elks Hall.

A number of friends planned and carried out a successful surprise party on Mrs. Fonger on April 24th, the occasion being her 72nd birthday anniversary.

Mrs. H. M. Hilliker and Mrs. Riley entertained at several tables of Bridge on Friday evening of last week. Honors went to Mrs. Lar Kelly and Mr. Geo. Brown.

The Minstrel Show being presented on the 6th of May in the Elks Hall, promises to provide a really enjoyable evening for the Viking folk. Negro songs and instrumental music will delight you; witty crossfire and comeback in real darky style; and sketches and monologues that will make your sides ache with hearty laughter.

The program lasting two hours and a half is being presented under the auspices of the Viking United Church School by the Irma Minstrel Troupe. The proceeds will go towards Young Peoples activities of both towns respectively. Come and enjoy a good night's entertainment and support a worthy cause.

The April 15th issue of The Alberta Gazette announces the appointment of Magistrate H. A. Meredith, Judge of the Juvenile Court for Viking and District.

Bruce News.

Last Wednesday evening the Bruce Community Club presented their play "Captain Racket" by request, for the second time. This modern "Comedy of Errors" reminds one of the wooing of Miles Standish, who Priscilla says, "Speak for yourself John." Mr. L. C. Herpott, as director, deserves credit for turning out a well acted comedy that promises to establish a new record in local amateur theatricals.

Quaint old Obadiah Dawson (Jack Parfett), the rich eccentric bachelor uncle, having tried everything else, proposes to take a plunge into the sea of matrimony. A beautiful photograph is the object of his effections. Uncle Obadiah, fearing that his rheumatism would interfere if he went in the time-honored custom, on bended knee, to make the proposal in person; also being naturally cautious about a dash into the unknown, asks his nephew, Captain Racket (Bill Olstad), to interview the original of the picture, Clarice Delroy (Doris Fredericks), and give the young lady the once over. Cap. Racket, who loves the ladies, cheerfully agrees, pays the required visit, and decides the lady is unsuited to Uncle Obadiah, so marries her himself.

To keep in the good graces of his uncle, Racket writes a letter describing his innamorata as being as homey as a hedge fence, who would drive a man to drink, push a train off the track or scare a baby into fits. He also intimates that the lady has other faults, and is a hopeless lunatic scarcely suited to mate with his respected uncle. To make his position more secure, Captain Racket tells his bride that Uncle Obadiah must be humored for he is a harmless idiot.

Comedy results when Clarice and the uncle first meet, each believing the other is crazy. When Obadiah collapses and misses the chair to sit on the floor, Clarice, being certain he is loony, orders him to stay there until help arrives.

When the girl discovers that her Cap. Bob Racket is the "greatest liar unhung", she determines to punish him by being a little worse than all he has written about her, and proceeds to act the part. And for Uncle Obadiah, who has expressed the opinion that Clarice "waddles when she walks," she has a servant administer dope to that misled gentleman. The potation, which Obadiah thinks is poison, surely must be "Black and White," for he suddenly regains his lost youth and forgets his rheumatism in the dance, in fact, reverts to the level of his ancient ancestors who swung by their tails through the leafy jungle, and is not above such antics as climbing a tree or swinging on the chandelier! When Clarice completes her punishment, there is a happy ending, while Obadiah dissolves from the scene to take a seven days sleep.

The rest of the story, and the brilliant parts played by the other characters, is left for those who will see the play, which it is the intention of the B. C. C. to produce in Holden shortly.

At the conclusion of the evening's entertainment, lunch was served to the members of the cast, Mrs. Reay and Mrs. Fredericks having that important matter in charge.

Mrs. A. Willans was a visitor in Edmonton over the week end.

Russel Holdsworth is staying with Mr. and Mrs. P. Main of Viking for a couple of weeks.

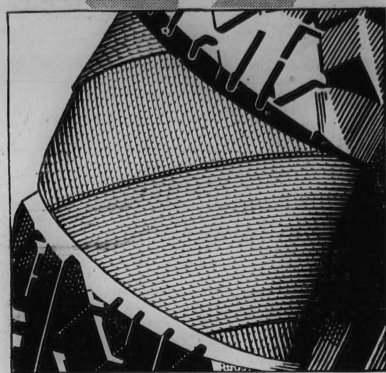
That "April showers bring forth May flowers" is small consolation to the farmer who is waiting for the land to dry enough to seed grain. In this neighborhood there are plenty of places where puddles of water left by last week's rain decorate the fields intended for wheat.

Neither are our roads anything to brag about. One farmer of the Bruce district, last Thursday, feeling the call of the open road, dragged a "Lizzie" out of the brush, primed her with a gallon of gas, wound her up, and started for town. Now Lizzie is justly famed for her ability to go through anything, and will chug along when the "road" is at a standstill. But the old girl hadn't quite gotten the winter's rust out of her lungs when she reached the first mud hole. After a few ineffectual attempts to justify her reputation, she coughed once more and surrendered to the gumbo.

Rain began to fall in increasing quantities, so Lizzie's owner went home. Twenty-four hours later, when the rain had eased up a bit, he returned with a team. Here is an explanation of the phrase "nothing to brag about." Lizzie had not moved, but the road had! What had been a muddy place on the road was now a delightful slough, with a pair of ducks contemplating Lizzie as a fine place in which to rear a family.

Unless there is a radical change in the weather man's plans, Liz will probably wear a set of double tires as an extra accessory this summer.

HOW MANY SUPERTWIST CORDS



IN THE AVERAGE GOODYEAR TIRE?

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PRIZE CONTEST

\$3000.00

IN CASH PRIZES

- 1st prize . . . \$1,000.00 cash
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4th prize . . . \$100.00 cash
5 prizes, each . . . \$50.00 cash
95 prizes, each . . . \$10.00 cash

104 prizes totalling \$3,000.00

A cool THOUSAND DOLLARS for merely estimating the number of cords in the average Goodyear Tire! Think of what you could do with that \$1,000.00. New car? . . . Cottage at the lake? . . . Trip abroad? . . . Education for the youngsters? . . . Oh, there are plenty of wonderful things one can do with real money and lots of it.

You don't have to spend a cent of money to enter. Read the simple contest conditions, get an entry blank from us and send in your estimate to-day.

Anyone from a household where a car is owned may enter. All tire dealers, all employees of rubber companies and the families of both are, however, debarred.

See the six Goodyear Tires of various sizes, types and ply-thicknesses on display here. Estimate the number of cords, and a total and divide by six to strike the average. Submit the number you estimate on a standard entry blank.

A section of Goodyear Supertwist cord fabric is on display to help you make your estimate.

Closing date: June 5th, 1932. Address: "The Goodyear Supertwist Cord Contest," New Toronto, Toronto 14, Ontario.

Carbol's Garage

IRMA, Alberta

Come in and see Supertwist Cords demonstrated and get a helpful booklet of contest directions.

Here and There

Total number of poultry on farms at end of 1930 in the Dominion was estimated at 60,735,000, of which 56,247,000 were hens and chickens. Value of this poultry was placed at \$54,852,000.

Radio is to be used to aid in forest fire protection in Northern Saskatchewan. The provincial forestry department has decided to establish a system of look-out towers equipped with short wave radio sending and receiving sets.

A catch of 244 salmon by three anglers in nine days has been reported recently from the Cain's River, New Brunswick, by G. W. Scott, of Keene, New Hampshire, who was one of the party, and himself netted 111 of the fish.

More United States branch factories are established in Canada than in any other country outside of the United States itself. At the beginning of last year over 500 such factories were in the Dominion, representing investments of \$540,590,000.

Shipping of all kinds entering and leaving Canadian ports has increased 60 per cent. in the last ten years. Total net tonnage, exclusive of coasting, for year to March 31, 1930, was 89,458,789 tons. To this must be added net tonnage of 87,734,773 tons for vessels entered and cleared coastwise.

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The Pioneer Auctioneer of Stettler, having disposed of his business there and located in your district, solicits your Sale Business. My past record of 25 years experience has been the man who got the most money, satisfaction absolutely guaranteed or no charge.

Col. J. N. Rohrer, Irma, Alberta

For Dates See Me, or My Representatives:

Chas. Wilbraham, Irma
W. H. Barton, Jarrow
F. Murray, Kinsella
Jas. Loughlin, Viking
A. A. Anderson, Minburn

PUT HIM OFF HIS PIPE

Indigestion and Acidity

"A few months ago, I had an attack of indigestion, heartburn and acidity, and had no appetite for meals, especially breakfast. At a pipe smoker, and for several days I felt so ill I could not even look at my pipe. I decided to try Kruschen."

Sally, a few days afterwards I found that the heartburn and acidity had gone, and for the last five or six weeks I have been in my usual good health. I can now enjoy my pipe-smoking, and in fact feel about 10 years younger."—R. P.

When your digestive juices fail to flow freely your food lies in the system and ferments, thus causing the distress of indigestion. The "little daily dose" of Kruschen first stimulates the flow of the gastric juices, and then causes complete, regular and unflinching elimination of all waste matter every day.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Pure diamonds have been created artificially in the laboratory of Columbia University.

Germany's unemployed at the end of March numbered 6,031,000, a decrease of 98,000 in two weeks.

Dr. Hartley Travers Farrar, geologist, who accompanied Captain Scott on his expedition to the South Pole in 1901-04, is dead.

Dr. John Stanish Plaskett, astronomer, will receive an honorary degree from McGill University at the 1932 spring convocation.

Samuel McKay, noted Indian fighter and buffalo hunter, died at Wild Horse, Alberta, recently. He was born in Winnipeg in December, 1852.

It was learned on good authority that Turkey was ready to become a member of the League of Nations and an invitation probably will be issued this year.

Lord Irwin, former viceroy of India, sailed on the "Empress of Australia" for a lecture tour in Canada under the auspices of the Massey Foundation.

An ambulance hut has been opened at Tarpot's Corner, near Southend, England, on the London-Southend Road, where 364 accidents have occurred in the last 12 months.

Rear-Admiral Sir Godfrey Paine, who died at the age of 60, was buried at sea off the Isle of Wight, after a service in the dockyard church, Portsmouth, England.

Canada's export of wheat during the eight months of the present crop year ended in March was \$24,269,429, bushels. Of that amount 71,505,107 bushels went to the United Kingdom.

Canada Steamship Lines

Veteran St. Lawrence River Captain Is Appointed Skipper of the S.S. "Tadoussac"

Beginning his 42nd year as Captain on the St. Lawrence River, Wilfrid Gagne is again named skipper of the S.S. "Tadoussac" in passenger fleet appointments announced by the Canada Steamship Lines.

Born in Point-Au-Pic, Quebec, a short distance from the Manoir Richelieu, Captain Gagne has spent almost his entire life on the St. Lawrence and Saguenay Rivers and is said to know every turn by heart. During the war Captain Gagne's knowledge of the river was put to good effect as he was given the unique and valuable work of piloting submarines from Quebec to Murray Bay, on their way to the sea. The father of eleven children, Captain Gagne is one of the best known residents of Point-Au-Pic.

Another veteran's appointment is also included in the announcement recently as Captain Peter McKay, skipper of the S.S. "Noronic," flagship of the Canada Steamship Lines Northern Fleet, again takes charge of the largest upper lakes liner. Captain McKay last year piloted the "Noronic" when she made her historic cruise through the New Welland Ship Canal, and became the largest passenger steamer ever to have entered Lake Ontario.



"Crying like that because she has lost her mother-in-law!"

"Yes, poor girl. She had just bought such a lot of pretty clothes for the summer!"—Il Travaso, Rome.

W. N. U. 1939

A Seed Field On the Farm

Better Wheat Brings More Money To the Farmer
(By H. G. L. Strange)

The easiest money to be made by the Canadian farmer is the premium his grains bring him when these grains are of high quality, as the work and expense of summerfallowing, seeding, harvesting, threshing and hauling is no more for a high quality crop, that commands a high grade and so the best price, than for a low quality crop which brings a lower price because of lower grades.

The best Canadian wheat on the world's markets at this moment commands a premium of 17 cents a bushel over the best Argentine or Russian wheat. This is due entirely to the higher quality of Canadian wheat, which quality is due somewhat to the soil and climate of Western Canada, but mainly to the use of that proper variety in each district that will produce marketed grain. This premium for Canadian wheat to the last fraction of a cent is reflected directly back to the Canadian farmer at the local elevator by Grain Elevator Companies. A high quality crop that brings a high grade, and so the full price, can easily be produced by any farmer who will use the most suitable variety for his farm and district and who in addition will use seed that is reasonably true to that variety.

A recent survey made by the Searle Grain Company in co-operation with the Dominion Experimental Farms, of wheat being marketed at the country elevator, indicated without a doubt that a large number of farmers are losing grades and so good money for themselves, because their crops consisted of a mixture of inferior varieties instead of being reasonably true to the one most suitable variety.

The first step is to decide upon the most suitable variety to use. Only the farmer himself with a detailed knowledge of his own farm can make this decision, but it can be said that Marquis wheat can be ripened, say four years out of five, without being frosted, and if it will produce a kernel that is clear and not starchy, and so in consequence will grade usually No. 1 Northern, that no other variety should be grown, because under these circumstances Marquis has more money-making qualities for the farmer than any other variety.

In some districts, however, early fall is necessary, and Marquis wheat and in some of the northern parts of Alberta and Saskatchewan, particularly where brush has been growing, Marquis produces a piebald and starchy kernel that only grades a number 3. Under these circumstances, the farmer should consider an earlier variety, one that will throw a clear kernel, although some are finding that the use of fertilizer with Marquis wheat, ripening it from 6 to 8 days earlier, often allows Marquis to escape these early frosts and in many districts also helps to produce a clear kernel.

Three early varieties are recommended—Red Bobs, 222—Reward and Garnet.

Red Bobs 222 is 6 to 7 days earlier than Marquis, yields almost as high in some districts higher, but is as starchy as Marquis and often shatters in a dry fall. In some districts, however, this variety is very popular. Garnet is some ten days earlier than Marquis, gives a bright clear kernel and is almost as high yielding as Marquis, but it has a weak straw and sprouts easily in the stock in a wet fall; the milling and baking values of Garnet are different from those of Marquis, and Garnet flour is slightly yellow. The exact nature of the grading of Garnet at this time seems uncertain.

Reward wheat is strongly recommended. It has high milling and baking values quite equal to Marquis. The straw is stiff, it does not shatter, nor sprout easily. It contains a little loose smut, which, however, can be controlled, but the yield on the average is lower than that of Marquis or Garnet, although many farmers report that the yield of Reward is much increased when half a bushel more to the acre is seeded than is usual with Marquis or Garnet.

"Audible Light" Created

Phonograph Produces Music As Beam From Lamp Hits It

By means of a photo-electric cell, John Bellamy Taylor, consulting engineer for the General Electric Company, demonstrated the creation of "audible light" before a group of scientists at Detroit. He used a silent phonograph and sensitive incandescent lamp to produce what he termed "one of the newest developments in electro-physical research."

In his demonstration, Mr. Taylor brought the music of a stringed orchestra from the phonograph and then silenced it by placing his hand between the lamp and electric cell.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Stubborn Facts That Rival Fiction For Strangeness

Things are seldom what they seem, the National Geographic Society points out in publishing a series of raving fiction for strangeness.

For instance, it is only eight miles from New York to Boston. In England, that is, Two Lincolnshire villages, of those names are just a little apart.

Alaska looks like a cramped up little offshoot of Canada on most maps, but it really has a sea coast nearly 3,000 miles longer than that of the United States proper.

Geographical exactness is a matter of dollars and cents for steamship companies, the society points out. A steamer captain in Buenos Aires with a cargo that would sell equally well in Jacksonville, Fla., or St. Johns, Newfoundland, would naturally pick the nearer port to save fuel.

He would ship for Newfoundland. St. Johns is 130 miles nearer Buenos Aires than Jacksonville, although the latter is more than 2,300 miles farther down the Atlantic coast in the direction of South America. The overhang of the North Atlantic coast causes this apparently freak inconsistency.

How would you like to go to sleep in the U.S.A. and wake up to find yourself in Mexico, and without having moved hand or foot, or having been moved? Many a resident on the banks of the Rio Grande has had this experience. In flood times the river cuts away its banks, often forcing new channels across narrow necks where the stream flows. When this happens the land cut off is thrust into an alien jurisdiction.

Bananas don't grow on trees. They are an herb and grow from stalks. Bamboo is a grass. Your "cup of Java" is almost surely Brazil coffee. Washington's famous Japanese cherry trees grow on cherries. The "Mexican dollar" is China's unit of coinage, yet the Mexicans have no dollar, the peso and centavo being the official currency.

The Farm Offers Hope

Settling People On the Land To Solve Unemployment

Many leaders of industry had said that even with a return to normal conditions there would be small opportunity for all these now in difficulties to get gainful employment in the cities, and the idea must be popularized of again settling the people on the land, stated Ivan T. Barnet, superintendent of the Canadian Government Soldiers' Settlement Board, Vancouver, Mr. Barnet was speaking before the British Columbia branch of the Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturists at Victoria.

Mr. Barnet warned against too much technicality in the trained agriculturists approach to men settling on farms. There must be a return, he said, to the simple, elementary things in farming—the farm garden where the farmer can grow his own vegetables instead of buying them from the town, the farm cow to supply milk and butter, the farm animals to supply meat—and only in this way could farmers reduce their living costs and make up for the scarcity of the dollars and cents.

Mr. Barnet considered that inexperienced men going on the farm these days would carry with them a certain amount of business training from their city jobs and would thus make a practice of keeping farm accounts, which would make the task of the technical agriculturists in giving them advice far easier.

Research men, he added, must learn to convey their knowledge to these practical farmers in a more understandable way. This could only be done by simplifying the language of research reports and seeing that the men who come in direct contact with the farmers fully grasped the significance of the research discoveries.

Not New To Him
The announcement of a new "bumpometer" or road meter, which registers every bump or dip in a paved highway surface, leads one motorist to remark that he frequently has carried three such devices—with vocal attachments—in the back seat.



SCHOOL INSPECTOR: "Now, please—just one more notable event in English history and the date thereof."
LOCAL BREWER'S SON: "Please, sir, 1931—another penny on beer."
The Humorist, London, England.

Geographical Anomalies

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Valuable Muskies Of Western Canada

New Resource That Is Now Creating Widespread Interest

Western Canada, in common with some other places, is waking up to the existence of a new and valuable natural resource in its muskies. Recent investigations by the Industrial Development Board of Manitoba, with the aid of Mr. A. Anrep, peat specialist of the Ottawa Department of Mines, have brought to light many facts regarding the new resource that are occasioning widespread interest and have revealed great deposits of considerable extent and value in the bogs near Whitecourt.

"Muskies," according to one authority, is probably the most useful word in the Cree language, and no other language seems to possess a word so comprehensive. It denotes either any kind of bog, or the material contained in a boggy deposit. Previously, people in Western Canada attached no great value to this resource, regarding it as merely a troublesome impediment to transportation, or else as productive only of an inferior sort of fuel. But the studies of the Industrial Development Board, which have taken cognizance of the remarkable exploitation of bogs and moors in European countries, are developing an entirely new attitude toward Western muskies, until today some authorities regard peat as a resource taking precedence in the industrial scheme to petroleum, rubber and cotton.

We may pause here to set out in brief some of the uses of sphagnum moss, peat, peat mulch, peat board, etc. They include: Insulating material; bedding; agricultural and horticultural purposes; packing for preserving fruit, vegetables, fish and meats; surgical dressings; fuel; litter for stables; wall board; deodorant; wall plaster, etc., etc.

Mr. Anrep, who comes of a family of peat specialists, makes the following note regarding it: On account of its high absorptive powers, from 7 to 14 times its own weight in moisture (while straw absorbs only three times its weight) and of its acid qualities, it acts as a natural scavenger, as an antiseptic and germ-decomposing factor, and because of this it is a great gift of nature, for the use of the people at large.

Very strong claims are made for it as an insulator of heat. It is urged that peat insulation were used in the rural and urban dwellings of Western Canada, it would save vast sums of fuel.

"We use 116 per cent. more fuel than is necessary," declares Mr. D. C. McArthur, "which is one of the tributes we pay to ignorance." And Mr. McArthur says further: "In searching the rather voluminous literature on the subject, technique and trade figures, there are no records of great private fortunes well-being, but the reverse in evidence."

Peat moss is undoubtedly valuable as stable litter and bedding for horses, cattle, and pigs. It prevents hoar and mouth diseases, keeps the animals healthy and strong, clears hides and fur of dandruff, keeps air in the stables clean and sweet, absolutely free from bacteria, and flies. The moss is non-combustible. If fired, it will smoulder, and is easily detected and put out, being therefore much safer than straw.

Poultry-keepers will be particularly impressed with the remarkable cleanliness of peat moss when used as litter in coops. In pens where straw is used, the atmosphere is invariably foul and heavy; with peat it is pure and wholesome, the hens are healthier and cleaner, lay more eggs, and are free of insects and vermin. A single bedding of proper depth will last over six months.

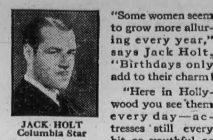
While peat moss is not in itself a fertilizer, it is nevertheless valuable for its ability for retaining the humus. Five parts peat litter with one part bone meal or other fertilizer, make a good mixture. In the case of heavy clay soil, such a mixture worked into it makes it workable and porous.

To rhododendrons, azaleas, clematis, coniferous trees and other plants, peat mulch is beneficial on account of its acidity. On account of its insulating quality, it also makes an excellent protective covering in storing bulbs, tubers, or roots for the winter. Carrots and beets have been kept packed and in excellent preservation for over a year in peat mulch containing 40 to 45 per cent. moisture. Florists also find it useful in the packing and shipping of flowers. A fish farm in Northwestern Manitoba ships fish in long sphagnum plants and has found that after two weeks the fish remain as fresh as when caught from the sea.

An extremely interesting use of sphagnum moss is for surgical dressings. During the Great War, Sir Lauder Brunton, famous English physician, made extensive use of dressings of this sort. In Scotland, Ireland and Canada, vast numbers of sphagnum plants for this purpose were collected. Dr. John Bonser, Porter, Department of Mining and Engineering, McGill University, superintended the collections here. The moss is a strong disinfectant and deodorizer, antiseptic, and a non-germ carrier. Its absorptive qualities are remarkable. During the last three years of the war, more than 5,000,000 bandages were used. This valuable resource, peat moss, is spread practically throughout Canada. In Western Canada, one of the finest deposits occurs about 45 miles east of Winnipeg, near Whitecourt, Manitoba. Here a vast bog system extends for 18 townships. In quantities of millions of tons, every variety of bog material is available. There are moss-bogs and grass-bogs, litter and peat deposits, muck and humus, high acid content and high nitrogen content. The bog system is traversed by three railways and three highways. It is estimated that the system contains in all an area of 800,000 acres more than 95

"YEARS CAN BRING YOU ADDED CHARM!"

SAYS JACK HOLT.



JACK HOLT
Columbia Star

"Some women seem to grow more alluring every year," says Jack Holt, "Birthdays only add to their charm!"

"Here in Hollywood you see them every day—accessories still every bit as youthful as they were years ago, more poised, more irresistible than ever. Still the idols of an adoring public!"

"No matter what her age, a woman who has the fresh, glowing charm of youth is always attractive."

"I should think that every woman would learn the complexion secret of the screen and stage stars know!"

You will want to know how the lovely stars keep youthful charm right through the years! "Guard complexion beauty as we do," they tell you, "with Lux Toilet Soap!"

Important actresses the world over—in Hollywood, Broadway—in Europe—depend on this fragrant, amazingly white soap for every type of skin. The caress of dollar-a-cake French soap for 10c.

million tons of organic material, at the accepted stage of commercial dryness. Along the Hudson Bay Railway, in Northern Manitoba, there are still larger bogs.

Wanton burning and unnecessary drainage are doing away with many valuable peat bogs in Canada. Recently very powerful arguments were made against draining off the natural waters of the West, by experts discussing the drought conditions and lack of rainfall on the prairies. People are now learning that these muskies are valuable, not only for their peat resources, but as humidifiers of the air.

A vast amount of information on this subject has been assembled by the Industrial Development Board of Manitoba, and efforts are now under way to have the Whitecourt peat resources properly developed.

Barbara Stanwyck
Columbia Star

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Too Sick for School

Mrs. Dow Says Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored Daughter to Health.

"My daughter was run-down in health, took weak spells and could not go to school," writes Mrs. A. A. Dow, Port Daniel, West, Quebec. "While visiting her aunt, a friend told her about a little girl in similar condition who had been completely restored to health by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My daughter has since been taking the Pills, and they have certainly made her stronger. She has lost that tired, sluggish feeling and has never missed one day's school since September. The Pills also gave her a good appetite, her nerves better and she has more pep. I recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to mothers of daughters with similar troubles." "Don't let anæmia rob your growing daughter of health and vigor. Give her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are no temporary relief. They build the condition by creating new blood which imparts health, vigor and vitality. Equally good for all run-down or nervous conditions. At your druggist's, 50c. 24

Never Misses Day From School.

THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

— BY MARGARET FEEDLER
Author of "The Splendid Folly," "The Hermit of Faf," "Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London."

CHAPTER XIX.—Continued.

"The skunk!" muttered Nick wrathfully.

"What's that?"

Claire drew suddenly closer to him, her face blanching. A sound—the light crunching of gravel beneath a footstep—had come to her strained ears.

"Nick! Did you hear?" she breathed.

A look of keen anxiety spread over his face. For himself, he did not care; Adrian Latimer could not hurt him. But Claire—her golden narcissus—what might he not inflict on her as punishment if he discovered them together?

The next moment it was all he could do to repress a shout of relief. The steps had quickened, rounded the corner of the alley, and revealed—

Jean.

"We're mighty glad to see you," remarked Nick, as she joined them. "We thought you were—the devil himself!"—with a grin.

"Oh, he's not here half an hour yet," Jean reassured them. "I asked Tucker—the Latimer's butler, who worshipped the ground Claire walked on—"and his solicitor is still with him. Otherwise I wouldn't have risked looking for you!"—smiling. "I knew Nick was over here, and Sir Adrian might have followed me."

"You're sure he hasn't?" asked Claire nervously. "He is so cunning—so stealthy."

"Even if he had, you're doing nothing wrong," maintained Jean stoutly.

"Everything I do is wrong—in his eyes," returned Claire bitterly.

"That's what makes the misery of it. If I were really wicked, really unfaithful, I should feel I deserved anything I got. But it's enough if I'm just happy for a few minutes with a friend for him to want to punish me, to suspect me of any evil. Sometimes I feel as if I couldn't bear it any longer!"

She flung out her arms in a piteous gesture of abandonment. There was something infinitely touching and forlorn about her as she stood there, as though appealing against the hideous injustice of it all, and with a little cry Jean caught her outstretched hands and drew her into her embrace, folding her closely in her warm young arms.

Nick had turned aside abruptly, his face rather white, his mouth working. His powerlessness to help the woman he loved had maddened him.

Meanwhile Jean was crooning little, inarticulate, caressing sounds above Claire's bowed head, until at last the latter raised a rather white face from her shoulder and smiled the small, plucky smile with which she usually managed to confront outrageous fortune.

"Thank you so much," she said with a glint of humour in her tones.

"You've been dear, both of you. It's awfully nice to let go, sometimes. But I'm quite all right again, now."

"You'd better go," she whispered uneasily. "We shan't be able to talk any more now that he knows you are here. He'll be hovering round—somewhere."

Jean nodded.

"Yes, we'd better be going. Come along, Nick. And let us know, Claire?"

"Then, if you are," replied Jean cheerfully, "perhaps you can hear up against the shock of too much joy. We want you to have a day out."

"A day out?" repeated Claire. "What do you mean?"

"I mean we're organizing a picnic to Dartmouth, and we want to fix it so that you can come too. Didn't you tell me that Sir Adrian was going to be away one day this week? Going away, and not returning till the next day?"

Claire nodded, her eyes dancing with excitement.

"Yes—oh, yes! He has to go up to London on business."

"Then that's the day we'll choose. Heaven send it be fine!"—piously.

"Oh, how I'd love it!" exclaimed Claire. "I haven't been there at all, supplemented Jean."

"Nick! Nick!" Claire turned to him excitedly. "Did you know of this plan? And why didn't you tell me about it before?"

He looked at her, a slow smile curving his lips.

"Why, I never thought of it," he admitted. "You see—explanatorily—'when I'm with you, I can't think of anything else.'"

"Nick, I won't have you making barefaced love to a married woman under my very nose," protested Jean equally. And the shadow of tragedy that had lowered above them a few minutes earlier broke into a spray of cheery fun and banter.

"You see very gay today."

The cold, sneering tones fell suddenly across the gay exchange of jokes and laughter that ensued, and the trio looked up to see the tall, lean, black-clad figure of Sir Adrian standing at the end of the path, awaiting their approach.

To Jean, as to Claire, occurred the analogy of a malevolent spider on the watch. Even the man's physical appearance seemed in some way to convey an unpleasant suggestion of resemblance—his long, thin, sharply-jointed arms and legs, his pitted, colored face, a livid mask lit only by a pair of snapping, venomous black eyes, half hidden between pinched lids that were hardly more than hanging folds of wrinkled skin, his long, lipped, predatory mouth with its slow, malicious smile. Jean repressed a little shudder of disgust as she responded to his sneering comment.

"We are—quite gay, Sir Adrian. It's a fine day, for one thing, and the sun's shining, and we're young. What more do you want?"

"What more, indeed? Except"—bowing mockingly—"the beauty with which a good Providence has already endowed you. You are a lucky woman, Miss Peterson; your cup is full. My wife is not, perhaps—regarding her appraisingly—"quite so beneficently dowered by Providence, so it is."

He paused, and as the black, pinpoint eyes beneath the baby lids detected the slight stiffening of Claire's slender figure, his long, thin lips widened into a sardonic smile.

"Yes, to the brim," he repeated with satisfaction. "That's a husband's duty, isn't it, Mr. Brennan?"—addressing Nick with startling suddenness.

"You should know better than I, Sir Adrian," retorted Nick, "seeing that you have experience of matrimony, while I have none."

"But you have hopes—aspirations, isn't it so?" pursued Latimer suavely. There was an undercurrent of disagreeable suggestion in his tones.

Nick was acutely conscious that his keenest aspiration at the moment was to knock the creature down and jump on him.

"We must find you a wife, eh, Claire? Eh, Miss Peterson?" continued Sir Adrian, rubbing the palm of one bony hand slowly up and down over the back of the other. "I'm sure, Claire, you would like to see so—intimate—a friend as M. Brennan happily married, wouldn't you?"

"I should like to see him happy," answered Claire with tight lips.

"Just so—just so," agreed her husband in a queer cackling tone as though inwardly amused. "Well, get him a wife, my dear. You are such friends that you should know precisely the type of woman which appeals to him."

He nodded and turned to go, gliding away with an odd shuffling gait, and muttering to himself as he went: "Precisely the type—precisely."

As he disappeared from view down one of the branching paths of the shrubbery, an eddying little laugh, half chuckle, half anger, came to the ears of the three listeners.

Claire's face set itself in lines that made her look years older than her age.

"You'd better go," she whispered uneasily. "We shan't be able to talk any more now that he knows you are here. He'll be hovering round—somewhere."

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"What more, indeed? Except"—bowing mockingly—"the beauty with which a good Providence has already endowed you. You are a lucky woman, Miss Peterson; your cup is full. My wife is not, perhaps—regarding her appraisingly—"quite so beneficently dowered by Providence, so it is."

He paused, and as the black, pinpoint eyes beneath the baby lids detected the slight stiffening of Claire's slender figure, his long, thin lips widened into a sardonic smile.

"Yes, to the brim," he repeated with satisfaction. "That's a husband's duty, isn't it, Mr. Brennan?"—addressing Nick with startling suddenness.

"You should know better than I, Sir Adrian," retorted Nick, "seeing that you have experience of matrimony, while I have none."

"But you have hopes—aspirations, isn't it so?" pursued Latimer suavely. There was an undercurrent of disagreeable suggestion in his tones.

Nick was acutely conscious that his keenest aspiration at the moment was to knock the creature down and jump on him.

"We must find you a wife, eh, Claire? Eh, Miss Peterson?" continued Sir Adrian, rubbing the palm of one bony hand slowly up and down over the back of the other. "I'm sure, Claire, you would like to see so—intimate—a friend as M. Brennan happily married, wouldn't you?"

"I should like to see him happy," answered Claire with tight lips.

"Just so—just so," agreed her husband in a queer cackling tone as though inwardly amused. "Well, get him a wife, my dear. You are such friends that you should know precisely the type of woman which appeals to him."

He nodded and turned to go, gliding away with an odd shuffling gait, and muttering to himself as he went: "Precisely the type—precisely."

As he disappeared from view down one of the branching paths of the shrubbery, an eddying little laugh, half chuckle, half anger, came to the ears of the three listeners.

Claire's face set itself in lines that made her look years older than her age.

"You'd better go," she whispered uneasily. "We shan't be able to talk any more now that he knows you are here. He'll be hovering round—somewhere."

Jean nodded.

"Yes, we'd better be going. Come along, Nick. And let us know, Claire?"

"Then, if you are," replied Jean cheerfully, "perhaps you can hear up against the shock of too much joy. We want you to have a day out."

"A day out?" repeated Claire. "What do you mean?"

"I mean we're organizing a picnic to Dartmouth, and we want to fix it so that you can come too. Didn't you tell me that Sir Adrian was going to be away one day this week? Going away, and not returning till the next day?"

Claire nodded, her eyes dancing with excitement.

"Yes—oh, yes! He has to go up to London on business."

"Then that's the day we'll choose. Heaven send it be fine!"—piously.

"Oh, how I'd love it!" exclaimed Claire. "I haven't been there at all, supplemented Jean."

"Nick! Nick!" Claire turned to him excitedly. "Did you know of this plan? And why didn't you tell me about it before?"

He looked at her, a slow smile curving his lips.

"Why, I never thought of it," he admitted. "You see—explanatorily—'when I'm with you, I can't think of anything else.'"

"Nick, I won't have you making barefaced love to a married woman under my very nose," protested Jean equally. And the shadow of tragedy that had lowered above them a few minutes earlier broke into a spray of cheery fun and banter.

"You see very gay today."

The cold, sneering tones fell suddenly across the gay exchange of jokes and laughter that ensued, and the trio looked up to see the tall, lean, black-clad figure of Sir Adrian standing at the end of the path, awaiting their approach.

To Jean, as to Claire, occurred the analogy of a malevolent spider on the watch. Even the man's physical appearance seemed in some way to convey an unpleasant suggestion of resemblance—his long, thin, sharply-jointed arms and legs, his pitted, colored face, a livid mask lit only by a pair of snapping, venomous black eyes, half hidden between pinched lids that were hardly more than hanging folds of wrinkled skin, his long, lipped, predatory mouth with its slow, malicious smile. Jean repressed a little shudder of disgust as she responded to his sneering comment.

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You can cook 3 Vegetables AT ONCE



in the same saucepan by using CANAPAR

Do each vegetable up in its own bag of Canapar Cookery Parchment. There won't be any odor, not even from cauliflower. All the food value and flavor will be retained. And you use only one burner turned low for cooking. The flavors will not mix!

Do the same with boiled or steamed fish. You'll be delighted with the results. No fishy odor in the kitchen. No saucepan or kettle to clean up.

When roasting meat, line your pan with Canapar. Fat and juices won't burn. No more scraping or scouring of the pan afterwards.

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Most grocers, druggists and department stores have Canapar on sale, but if yours hasn't, send this coupon direct to the makers and we'll give you a new and unique booklet entitled "Leftovers," containing one hundred recipes as a bonus for your trouble.

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Canada To Be Envied

Much Better Off In Every Way Than United States

The city of Detroit has reached the same position as Chicago, Philadelphia and New York in finding itself unable to obtain enough money to pay municipal employees and carry on public services.

This is but one indication of the rapid descent of the United States from unequalled prosperity to unprecedented economic depression.

No such condition prevails in any of the large Canadian cities, yet New York bankers insist on holding the Canadian dollar at a severe discount. There is proportionately less gold in Canada than there is in the U.S., but it is a fact that there is also proportionately much less unemployment.

Approximately one-sixtieth of the population in Toronto must receive its food at present by means of a House of Industry line-up. But that is far from being as bad as the situation in a Chicago suburb where daily long lines form up at a city dump in search of food.

Discover Small Fortune

B.C. Family On Relief Learn Of Bank Balance Long Forgotten

Members of a local family who have been very hard-pressed financially, and dependent on unemployment relief, found an old bank book in a garret trunk. They were advised by a friend to forward it to the bank on the chance that there might be a little balance.

Recently they were advised by the Bank of Commerce branch at Nanaimo that there was \$1,290 standing to the credit of one of the elder members of the family who had forgotten about the account.

Britain's Income Tax

One of the amazing features of the British statement is that which discloses the sum which Britons paid in income tax. It amounts to well over \$1,000,000,000. One billion dollars for forty million people! Canada's taxes are high. But last year the total of taxes paid by the British people exceeded \$3,500,000,000.

A pliable rubberized material, resembling leather but not greatly affected by moisture, has entered the field as a competitor of leather.

American internal combustion engines are being used on farms in Latvia.

Be natural, borrowed garments seldom fit well.

Non-Stop Flight Across Canada

Vancouver Sun To Sponsor Flight From Montreal To Vancouver

The Vancouver Sun has announced that it is sponsoring a projected non-stop flight across Canada from Montreal to Vancouver on June 21, next by two Vancouver aviators, R. E. Storer and B. R. Ronald. Refueling contacts are planned at Winnipeg and Calgary.

If successful the flight would be the first non-stop across Canada and the first attempt at refueling in the air for a long-distance hop in the Dominion.

Grocery Specials

"A Penny Saved is a Penny Made"

Canned Plums 25c
Aylmer Red Plums.
Choice Quality, 2 Tins for

Arabrand Cocoa 25c
Pure Dutch Cocoa.
In 1 Lb. Cartons

Arabrand Coffee 39c
Mocha Blend Coffee.
In Sealed 1 Lb. Pkts

Pork & Beans 25c
Aylmer Best Beans.
18 Oz. Cans, 3 Cans for

Crosse & Blackwell Vinegar 39c
Pure English Malt Vinegar, Qt. Jar

JELLO 22c
The original Jelly Powder, 3 Pkts
Assorted Flavors.

EXTRA SPECIAL

Fresh Salted Peanuts

Jumbo Size

1 Lb. for 15c,
2 Lb. for 29c,

Sat. Mon. and Tues.
EXTRA SPECIALS

QUICK BREAKFAST OATS — 28c
"Purity", New China Pkg.
Per Package

PURE BAKING POWDER — 19c
"Malkins", No Alum.
12 Oz. Packet

J. C. McFarland Co.

IRMA TALKIES

At Greatly Reduced Admissions

NEW PRICES FOR REGULAR SHOWS:
Adults 30c, tax included; School Pupils over 12
years 25c; under 12 years 10c.

Next Show —
COHEN'S & KELLY'S IN AFRICA
Monday, May 2nd, at 8.30 P.M.

-- SEE --

The Rawleigh Man

We Have a —
NEW FLY KILLER
Guaranteed to kill all Flies and Insects
At Greatly Reduced Prices.

WHEN IN TOWN CALL AT HOUSE
SUPPLIES ALWAYS ON HAND.
O. A. Lovig, Irma.

Main Street

Mr. A. C. Carbol has been confined to his home for a few days.

The Irma Sunday School will hold Mother's Day Sunday, May 8th.

Mr. Chas. Wilbraham is confined to his home on account of illness.

Commencing next Wednesday the Irma stores will close at noon each Wednesday for May, June and July or until harvest starts.

The Police from Wainwright have been spending considerable time in the Irma district since the fires north of here, some two weeks ago.

We understand that Mr. O. A. Vinjerud, who had a jewelry repair shop in Irma a year or so ago expects to return this week.

The British American Oil Co. have arranged to use the Imperial Lumber Co. coal shed for a warehouse till their new building is erected.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Hardy returned from Edmonton Tuesday afternoon where they had been detained on account of the bad weather for nearly a week.

Owing to bad roads the Jarow troupe that presented the play "Arizona Cow Boy" in Irma, Wednesday night was delayed in starting till after ten P.M. However those who risked the rain and mud to see the show were well pleased with the way it was presented.

Seeding well under way and should be general by the first of the week. With all the snow that fell last winter and the almost continuous rain storm the past few weeks there should be no lack of moisture. The only trouble appears to be that a lot of low spots are covered with water and these will have to be seeded later after the water dries up.

WANT ADS

STRAYED—From Section 33-47-8, with, One Clyde Gelding, weight 1600 lbs., white face, branded C6 on right flank—\$500 reward. F. C. Lukens, Irma, Alta. 14-17Pd

STRAYED—One Black Mare, 12 years old, weight about 1250 lbs., wire cut on both hind legs; One Black Gelding, 11 years old, weight about 1100 lbs., wire cut on one front leg. Please communicate with A. Dupre, Wainwright. 14-16c

FOR SALE OR TRADE — for cattle, good Ford Car with truck box. H. W. Love, Irma, Alta. 12-14C

FOR SALE OR TRADE — 14 in. 3 Bottom Massey Harris Plow, also 18 inch Cockshutt Breaker, new. — D. Glasgow, Irma. 12-14P

FOR SALE — 1 John Deere Triple Plow; 1 Wagon and Rack; 1 Grain Tank. — Terms Cash. Mrs. E. C. Elliott, Box 155, Irma, Phone 110, Alberta. 12-14C

WILL TRADE Bees for a Good Fresh Milk Cow. — H. W. Love, Irma, Alta. 4c

Beginning April 2nd will show black Percheron Stallion in Irma, name "Maple Leaf."—CLIF Saville, owner. 2c

TO TRADE — Sheep to trade for machinery or stock. — W. S. Jamieson, Jarow, Alta. 2c

FOR SALE—White Blossom Sweet Clover Seed; 4 cents per lb. or \$4.00 per cwt. — J. H. Armitage. 4c

The cost of the administration of the Canada Grain Act last year was \$2,000,094.26 and revenue totalled \$1,345,380.04, leaving a deficit of \$654,714.22 the Board of Grain Commissioners report.

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Mention the Irma Times when writing

Annual Presbytery W. M. S.

The 7th annual Presbyterial of the Women's Missionary Society was held in Wainwright on April 7th. The morning session opened at 9.30 with the Vice-President, Mrs. Locke in the chair. Usual business being conducted. The Presbyterial officers for the year 1932 are as follows:

President, Mrs. I. S. Reeds, Irma.
1st Vice-Pres. Mrs. Firth, Tofield.
2nd Vice-Pres. Mrs. Bosomworth, Holden.

Recording Sec. Mrs. E. H. Thomas, Wainwright.
Treasurer Mrs. A. Thorley, Tofield.
Sec. Christian Stewardship, Mrs. W. Osterhout, Irma.

Stranger's Secretary, Mrs. Kendall, Tofield.
Mission Band Secretary, Mrs. W. Boyd, Holden.

Literature Secretary, Mrs. T. Shaw, Irma.
Associate Helpers Sec. Mrs. A. Hackett, Wainwright.

Affiliated C. G. I. T.'s Mrs. A. Locke, Irma.
Temperance Sec. Mrs. Geo. Cookson, Tofield.

Missionary Monthly Sec. Mrs. H. Coursier, Wainwright.
Press Sec. Mrs. McCauley, Tofield.

The speaker for both afternoon and evening was Dr. M. McKellar who has spent 40 years service as medical missionary in India. Alert and vigorous in her own words, only officially retired, Dr. McKellar was wearing on her black tailored costume, decorations for outstanding public service from governments of Britain and India. Bright flashes of humor punctuated her address, which at the same time revealed a practical application of Christianity as she told of the building of the Women's Hospital and mission at Neemuch in Central India, where she spent all but two years of her life abroad, and appealed for further sacrifices on the part of W. M. S. workers and friends of missions to make up the quarter million deficit now facing the home treasury and which will mean the closing down of mission churches, schools, hospitals and dispensaries if it is not met.

Speaking on the matter of teaching Christianity through medical missionary work, Dr. McKellar pointed out that 26 of the 36 miracles performed by Christ during his earthly ministry were miracles of healing, and he gave the command to teach and heal.

Indians are now building their own hospitals and staffing them with Christian women because they trust them. Dr. McKellar stated after relating that when she opened her first hospital at Neemuch Hindu natives had come and placed a symbol of a curse on the doorstep and did everything they could to discourage her. In the face of continuing difficulties Dr. McKellar carried on, breaking down prejudice with weapons of mercy and charity until today there stands as a monument to their faith and labor a 52-bed, stone hospital, orphanage and schools.

Indian women doctors are among the workers and perform operations with the skill of Canadian medical women. Indian nurses are bringing the gospel of health to their people. Dr. McKellar in her evening lecture pointed out some of the things Britain had done for India, e.g. built 32,000 miles of macadamized roads, 42,000 miles of railroad and established splendid telegraph, postal, and educational systems. The population is 350,000,000. The villages are so numerous that if our Saviour had started his task in India and visited a village a day, he wouldn't yet have visited every village. The religions of India are not good enough for India, says Dr. McKellar, we want them to have the best, and she made a strong appeal for more nurses, doctors and missionaries, and in the spreading of the Gospel we all share if we bring all our tithes into the Lord's store house. Christian Stewardship, she says, begins by giving out of the nine-tenths, considering that one-tenth is already the Lord's.

The Dominion Government Bureau of Statistics estimate Canada's wheat carryover at the end of the crop year (July 31, 1932) will be 104 million bushels, the smallest since 1928. Last year the carryover was 133 million bushels. Visible supply of Canadian wheat at March 20th, was 176,916,806 bushels.

Canadian railways are co-operating in devising some means to combat the inroads made in their freight business by the motor trucks. The plan, as suggested by Sir Henry Thornton, President of the Canadian National Railways, would select certain areas and provide trucks which would pick up freight and express from the shippers at their plant and bring it to the railways. Trucks would also deliver this freight at the end of the journey.

Quality Goods

For Sat. April 30th to May 6th

Bulk Tea (Broken Orange Pekoe) 38c
A Tea of Excellent Quality. Per Lb.

JAM ORCHARD CITY 39c
(Mixed Fruit Jam)
Assorted Flavors, 4 Lb. Tin

White Beans 18c
At 5 Lbs., for

Soda Biscuits 39c
Wooden Box, Per Box

Peanut Butter 69c
"Pioneer" brand. 4 Lb. Pail

Chocolate Bars 25c
Good Assortment, reg. 5c bars, 7 Bars

KELLOGG'S RICE KRISPIES —
2 Packages for 25c

Irma Trading Co.

E. Lechelt, Manager

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Tire Special

25 Only 29 x 4.40 FIRESTONE TIRES
Some Regular, some Heavy Duty, your pick while they last, Each \$4.50

25 Only 29 x 4.40 Red Tubes, at Each \$1.00

12 Only 32 x 6
EXTRA HEAVY RED TRUCK TUBES
At, Each \$4.90

(One only of these Truck Tubes to a customer.)

Irma Motors

CHEVROLET DEALERS, Irma, Alta.

Be Sure to See Our Prices on —

OIL, BATTERIES & ACCESSORIES

Special Announcement

Why don't the Machine Companies lower their Prices on Farm Machinery?

This question has been asked time and again. The Massey-Harris Company now announce a 10 per cent. Discount Off payments on New Implement purchases, also on all Existing Implement debts paid prior to November 30th, 1932. Will the farmers appreciate this move? We hope so. The Massey Harris Machinery is known to be the best built and most up-to-date line on the market. Their machinery takes less repairs and lasts longer, also the repairs are cheaper. Why not buy from a Canadian Company and show that you appreciate the move they have taken. Others may follow their lead — help the ones who started it. If you want a New or Second hand Drill see us immediately.

Are you trying our Blacksmith Work? Our customers are satisfied. Come in, give us a trial, we are Experts on Wagon, Axle and Wheel work, also Plow Work. If you need a Saw Sharpener we can do it and guarantee satisfaction.

Our Grain Grinding has made us many friends. Grinding done any day and evening by appointment, let's get acquainted.

V. Hutchinson,

BLACKSMITH & MACHINE AGENT

Irma, Alberta

Advertising Stimulates Trade